## SRMVALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE (An Automous Institution)

SRMNgar, Kattarkulathur-603203.

### DEPARIMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING **QUESTIONBANK**



#### **MSEMESIER** 1908/03- RAILWAYS AIRPORIS DOCKS AND HARBOURENGINEERING

Regulation—2019 Academic Year 2021—2022

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#### SRMVALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

SRMNgar, Kattarkılathır—6B2B.

#### DEPARIMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING <u>CUESTION BANK</u>

SUBJECT: RAILWAYS, AIRPORIS, DOCKS AND HARBOURENGINEERING SEM/YEAR W/III

#### UNT-I: RAILWAY PLANNINGAND CONSTRUCTION

Hements of permanent way — Rails, Sleepers, Ballast, rail fixtures and fasterings, Selection of gauges - Track Stress, coning of wheels, creep in rails, defects in rails — Route alignment surveys, conventional and modern methods—Geometric design of railway, gradient, super elevation, widening of gauge on curves—Level Grossings

Q.No	Questions	Br	Competence
1.	Define creepin sleepers.	Level BI-1	Remember
2	What do you mean by level crossing?	BI-I	Remember
$\frac{2}{3}$	Define super devation in railways.	BI-I	Remember
4.	What do you mean by ballast? SRM	BI-I	Remember
5.	What are the functions of sleepers?	BI-I	Remember
	Describe the requirements of an ideal sleeper.	BI-I	Remember
6		BI-I	Remember
7.	List the functions of subgrade.		
8	Dscuss the types of spakes.	BI-2	Understand
9.	Explain sleeper density.	BI-2	Understand
10.	Discuss the inegularities in track.	BI-2	Understand
11.	Otline about pandrol clip in railways.	BI-2	Understand
12.	Otline the allowable super elevation in Broad Gauge & Metre Gauge tracks.	BI-2	Understand
13.	Develop the sketch of permanent way cross section.	BI-3	Application
14.	Identity the cause of kinks in rails.	BI-3	Application
15.	Build some points on uses of Hish plates.	BI-3	Application
16.	Investigate on split head.	BI-4	Analyze
17.	Other the classification of level crossings.	BI-4	Analyze
18	Classity the different surveys required for railway projects.	BI-4	Analyze
19.	Classify the types of gradient initial ways.	BI-4	Analyze
20.	Writetheimportance of widening of gauge in curves.	BI-5	Evaluate
21.	Conclude fewpoints about grade compensation in curves.	BI-5	Evaluate
22	Developtewpoints on coning of wheels.	BI-6	Create
23.	Discuss the functions of ballast in railways.	BI-6	Create
24.	Compose the types of gauges.	BI-6	Create
25.	Invert special class level crossing.	BI-6	Create

#### PART-B

1.	i) List the advantages of railways.  ii) What to you understand by cart deficiency?  What is a sleeper? List the functions and types of sleepers.  (6)  (7)	BT-1	Remember
2		BT-1	Remember
3.	i) What are the requirements of an ideal rail joint? (6) ii) Explain the various rail joints used in rail ways with neat sketches. (7)	BT-1	Remember
4.	i) List the different types of defect in rails. (6) ii) What are the different types of rails? Haborate in detail. (7) i) Outline about super elevation and derive its expression in	BT-1	Remember
5.	railways. (/)	BT-2	Understand
	ii) Summarize about negative super elevation and cant deficiency.		
6.	Explain with neat sketches any four obligatory points controlling railway alignment.	BT-2	Understand
7.	Illustrate the types of level crossings with neat sketches.	BI-2	Understand
8	i) Build up points and edirente sensing and GS technology in track alignment. (7) ii) Developpoints and offerent types of stresses in railway track (6)	BF-3	Application
9.	Developpoints on functions and requirements of various elements of railway permanent way.	BI-3	Application
10.	1) Explainthe selection of gauges in detail. (7) 11) Compare the various types of switches in railway track (6)	BT-4	Analyze
11.	Compare the widening of gauges on curves with formula and coning of wheels with near sketches.	BT-4	Analyze
12	Liawa neat sketch way and list the functions of different components of permanent way.	BT-4	Analyze
13.	Explaintheroutealignment surveys in detail.	BI-5	Evaluate
14.	i) Haborate in detail ballast materials used for railway track. (7) ii) Discuss on ballastless track. (6)	BT-6	Geate

#### PART-C

1.	i) Explain the recessity of sleepers in railway track. What are the desirable qualities or requirements of goodsleepers? (7) ii) Explain the basic methods followed for dessification of level crossings. (5)	BT-1	Understand
2	Explain in detail about the various types of gradients used in railway track and grade compensation.	BT-2	Understand
3.	Build up points on conventional method of surveying intrack alignment.	BT-3	Geate
4.	i) What is meant by trackaligment? Give the basic requirements of good alignment.  ii) Discuss in detail, the factors which control the alignment of a railway track.  (6)	BI-6	Greate

#### UNT-II: RAILWAYCONSIRUCIIONANDMAINIENANCE

Earthwork—Stabilization of track on poor soil - Track drainage—Calculation of Materials required for track laying - Construction and maintenance of tracks—Railway Station and yards and passenger amenities-Signalling

#### PART-A

QNo	Questions	Br,	Competence
1		Level	- N
1.	Write the significance of earthwork in railway station.	BI-1	Remember
2	Define point indicators.	BI-I	Remember
3.	List the components of aswitch	BI-I	Remember
4.	What are the different methods of plate laying?	BI-I	Remember
5.	What are the methods to improve the poor subgrade soil?	BI-1	Remember
6.	When is a branch line called as siding!	BI-I	Kementer
7.	What is meant by chemical stabilization?	BI-I	Remember
8	Classifythe methods used for stabilization of tracks in poor soil.	BI-2	Understand
9.	Explain about marshaling vard.	BI-2	Understand
10.	Otlinetheuse of 'formation in enbankment 'with next sketch	BI-2	Understand
11.	Summize the materials required for laying of track.	BI-2	Understand
12.	Otline on surface drainage.	BI-2	Understand
13.	Buildpoints on various platfor <mark>ms in railways.</mark>	BI-3	Application
14.	Developments or minimale of measured shovel packing	BI-3	Application
15.	Gvethedassification of yards.	BI-3	Application
16.	Differentiate embankment and cutting	BI-5	Evaluate
17.	Differentiate between 'loop' and 'siding'.	BI-4	Analyze
18	Define halt station.	BI-4	Analyze
19.	Distinguish 'gravity yard' and 'hump yard'. Explain Cole's method	BI-4	Analyze
20.	Explain Cole's method	BI-5	Evaluate
21.	Gve the classification of Railway stations.	BI-5	Evaluate
22.	Build points on directed track maintenance.	BI-6	Greate
23.	Summanze the operations to be carned out for drainage in track.	BI-6	Create
24.	Conpose Signalling.	BI-6	Geate
25.	Compose block station.	BI-6	Create

#### PART-B

1.	Describe in detail about plate laying techniques.	BI-1	Remember
2	Explain relaying of track in detail.	BI-I	Remember
3.	List out the type of railway stations and explain each one of them in detail.	BI-1	Remember
4.	Writeshort notes on i). Track drainage ii). Explainthe advantages of track maintenance. (7)	BI-1	Remember
5.	Discuss an detail about methods of trackmaintenance.	<b>BI-</b> 2	Understand

6.	Summanze howpoor soil is being stabilized and explain the	<b>BI-</b> 2	Understand
	methods in detail.	DEA	
1.	Discuss in detail the materials required for track laying and also write factors considered in the construction of rail way track.	BI <del>-</del> 2	Understand
	write factors considered in the construction of railway track.		
8	Classify the stages in construction of railway track and explain in	BI-3	Application
	detail.		
9.	i) Calculate the quantity of all the materials required for track	BI-3	Application
	laying (6)		
	ii)Explain the factors governing track alignment. (7)		
10.	i) Explainthe factors governing track alignment. (7) i) Explain in detail about the passenger amenities to be provided in a railway station. (9)	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
	arailway station. (9)		·
	11). Explain the purpose of different types of yards. (4)		
11.	Explainincetail.	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
	'ATT '1 C''.		
	1) Wayside Station (3)		
	i) Wayside Station (3) ii) Branch line siding (4) iii) Junction Station (3)		
	infination Station (3)		
	iv)Passenger Platform (3)		
12.	Explain in detail when a branch line called as siding and the	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
	circumstances wayside station to be selected.		
13.	Design and drawa neat sketch of marshaling yard and explain detail.	BI-5	Evaluate
	detail.		
14.	Compose the types of signals.	BI-6	Create
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1.	Summize the working principle of Measured shovel packing and list the equipment's used for MSP.	BF-2	Understand
2	Developpoints on maintenance of railway bridges.	BI-3	Application
3.	Explain in detail modern methods of track maintenance.	BI-5	Evaluate
4.	Babarate the facilities to be provided for passengers at the station yard.	BT-6	Geate

#### UNT-III: AIRPORTPLANNING

Air transport characteristics -airport components - airport classification — ICAO — airport planning; Site selection typical Airport Layouts, Case Studies, parking and Groulation Area.

QIVO	Questions	Tevel BI	Competence
1.	List the components of an airport.	BT-1	Remember
2	List the components of an aircraft.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Tell the advantages of air transport.	BT-1	Remember
4.	Write the objectives of airport master plan.	BT-1	Remember

5.	Wite the airport parking configuration.	BT-1	Remember
6.	Describe the general classification of airport.	BT-1	Remember
7.	Distinguish terminal apron and cargo apron.	BT-2	Understand
7. 8 9.	Redict why regional planning is to be done.	BT-2	Understand
	Discuss the characteristics of airport layout.	BT-2	Understand
10.	Summize the four groupings of Aircraft parking system	BT-2	Understand
11.	Illustrate what is a hangar and mention its types.	BT-3	Application
12	Showthe outline of ICAO master planning process.	BT-3	<b>Application</b>
13.	Classify airport codes based on aircraft wheel load.	BT-3	Application
14.	Drawings for layout plan for an airport—explain.	BT-4	Analyze
15.	Comment on the sequence of passenger flow in an airport.	BT-4	Analyze
16.	Analyze the importance of preplanning for an airport project.	BT-4	Analyze
17.	Repare a typical layout of airport for a single runway and two	BT-5	
	parallel runways.		Evaluate
18	Repare a list of data's to be collected before site selection.	BT-5	Evaluate
19.	Summize how the size of gate position decided.	BT-6	Geate
20.	Recommend the criteria for site selection.	BT-6	Greate
21.	Write the difference between cross wind component and wind	BT-2	Understand
	coverage.		
22	What is transitional surface in airport design?	BT-1	Remember
23.	What are the factors influencing runway length?	BT-1	Remember
24.	State the primary functions of anairport drainages ystem	BT-3	Application
25.	What is clear zone?	BT-2	Understand

## PART-B

1.	i) List the factors to be considered for the selection of site for a	<b>BT-1</b>	Remember
	commercial airport. (6)		
	ii) Explain the importance of airport planning, (7)		
2	What is a master plan? Explain the recommendation by ICAO	BT-1	Remember
	&FAAmsterplanindstail.		
3.	i)List out the classification of airport. (7)	BT-1	Remember
	ii) Examine the socio-economic characteristics of catchment		
	area. (6)		
4.	Describe the necessity, functions and types of hangers.	BT-1	Remember
5.	i)Summize the survey that is to be done for airport location (6) ii)Summize the planning consideration of a terminal building	BT-2	Understand
	11)Summarzethe planning consideration of a terminal building		
	(/)	-	
6.	Briefly explain how the size of aprondecided.	BT-2	Understand
7.	i) Describe briefly the salient features and functions of aprons	BT-3	Application
	inanairport. (6)		
	ii) Classify the different flying activity. (7)		
8	1) What are the passenger facilities, required at an airport terminal? Explain using sketches. (6) ii) Analyze the relationship between aircrafts and airports. (7)	BF4	Analyze
	terminal? Explain using sketches. (6)		Ç
	11) Analyze the relationship between aircrafts and airports. (1)		

9.	Analyze how the aircraft characteristics importance in designing of airport.	BF4	Analyze
10.	Describe about i) Motor vehicle parking area & its patterns. (6) ii) Aircraft parking system (7)	BI-2	Understand
11.	Bietly explain how the size of a prondecided.	BI-3	Application
12.	Explain with neat sketch the typical layout of airport based on nunway configuration.	BT-4	Analyze
13.	Drawa typical layout of any international airport in India and explainits concept.	BI-5	Evaluate
14.	Discuss the advantage, disadvantage of air transportation and list the aircraft characteristics for airport planning.	BI-6	Geate

1.	What is an airport master plan? Briefly describe the steps in its	BI-I	Remember
	familation.		
2	Write about a Case study of any one Typical airport layout.	BI-I	Remember
3.	i) Describe the points to be considered for the site selection of	<b>BI-</b> 2	Understand
	aimots (6)		
	ii) Summize briefly the various geometrics of the runway as `		
	ii) Summize briefly the various geometrics of the runway as recommended by the ICAO (9)		
4.	Bring out the purpose of airport imaginary surfaces.	BI-4	Analyze

#### UNT-IV: AIRPORTDESIGN

Runway Design: Orientation, Wind Rose Diagram Problems on basic and Actual Length, Geometric Design—Hements of Taxiway Design—Airport Zones—Passenger Facilities and Services—Runway and Taxiway Markings.

No	Questions	Tevel BI	Competence
1.	Howarientation of runway is done? On what basis it is decided?	BT-1	Remember
2	What is a windrose dagram?	BF-1	Remember
3.	List the dements to be considered in the Geometric design of	BF-1	Remember
4.	nunways. Describe bypass taxiway.	BF1	Remember
5.	Define clear zone.	BI-1	Remember
6.	Define turning zone.	BT-1	Renember
7.	Differentiate runway and taxiway.	BT-2	Understand
8	Differentiate between VFR and IFR	BT-2	Understand
9.	Discuss airport markings.	BT-2	Understand
10.	Differentiate type I and type II windrose diagram	BT-2	Understand
11.	Illustrate the purpose of installing visual aids in a airport.	BI-3	Application

12.	Classify the cases that are to be considered in deciding the basic	BT-3	Application
	runway length.		
13.	Show the importance of various imaginary surfaces around the	BT-3	Application
	airport.		
14.	Explainthetermores windcomponents and windcoverage.	BT-4	Analyze
15.	Classify the elements of airport lightings.	BT-4	Analyze
16	Air traffic control aids-explain.	BT-4	Analyze
17.	Integrate zoring laws.	BT-5	Evaluate
18	Prepare the list of factors affecting runway capacity.	BT-5	Evaluate
19.	Turning radus in a taxiway is decided based on what?	BT-6	Geate
20.	Explainthe factors to be considered in locating exit taxiways.	BT-6	Geate
21.	Howdoyouselect the site for terminal building?	BT-2	Understand
22.	Define exit taxiway.	BT-1	Remember
23.	Define 'number of gate position'	BT-1	Remember
24.	Define calmperiod.	BT-1	Remember
25.	What is clear zone?	BF-2	Remember

# PARIB

1.	What are the items to be considered in the geometric design of	BT-1	Remember
	runway and explainit in detail.		
2	Describe about the geometric design standards of taxiway and	BI-1	Remember
	also explain Exit taxiway.	DIDA	
3.	i) List out the design consideration in taxiway lighting (6) ii) Tabulate the different elements of amout lighting and explain	BI-1	Remember
4	any two (7)	DF1	Daramadana
4.	Explain what are different control surfaces at an airport?	BI-1	Remember
	Explain the concepts of airport zoning with the help of sketches.		
5.	Discuss indetail about	BI-2	Understand
<i>J.</i>	i) Various design factors to be considered in determining the	DI-Z	umsan
	i) Various design factors to be considered in determining the thickness of payment. (6)		
	ii) Special consideration for pavement design (7)		
6	Summize and explain the services and facilities to be	BF-2	Understand
	Summize and explain the services and facilities to be provided for the passengers in an airport.		
7.	Distinguish between Type I and Type II windrose diagrams. Explain how the optimizen munway orientation is determined?	BF-2	Understand
	Explain how the optimin runway orientation is determined?		
8	Describe briefly about taxiway markings and lightings.	BI-3	Application
9.	i) The length of a runway at mean sea level, standard temperature and zero gradients is 1600m. The site has an	BI-3	Application
	temperature and zero gradients is 1600m. The stelps an		
	elevation of 321m, with a reference temperature of 33.6°C. The		
	ninway has to be constructed with an effective gradient of		
	0.25% Calculate the actual length of the runway at site. (6)		
	elevation of 320m, with a reference temperature of 33.6°C. The number to be constructed with an effective gradient of 0.25%. Calculate the actual length of the number at sea level in standard atmospheric condition is 300m. Runway length required for take- off at a level site at sea level in standard atmospheric condition is 2500m. Aerodrome reference		
	Standard autosprenc condition is suum kunway lengin		
	etypotheria condition is 2500m. According information		
	allogueic coluion is 20011 Adoutine redette		

	temperature is 250°C & that of standard atmosphere at aerodrome elevation of 150m is 14.025°C. If the effective gradient is 0.5%, determine the runway length to be Provided.  (7)		
10.	Explainin biet:	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
	i) Clear Zone. (3)		
	ii)Aproachzone (3)		
	iii) Turning zone (3) iv)Buffer zone. (4)		
11		BI-4	Apolyzo
11.	Analyze the different methods for designing flexible pavements and explain any two in detail.	DI <del>-4</del>	Analyze
10	allication in the second condition in 1612m	DT5	Erphysto
12.	i) The length of runway under standard conditions is 1620m. The airport site has an elevation of 270m. Its reference temperature is 32,90°C. If the runway is to be constructed with an effective gadient of 0,20%. Determine the conected runway.	BT-5	Evaluate
	tomorphise 2001C If the many wis to be constructed with		
	an affective gradient of 0.70% Determine the corrected navious		
	length (6)		
	ii) Analyze the cases usually considered in determining the basic		
	nunway length (7)		
13.	Describe the importance of minusey lighting. Eviden threshold	BF-5	Evaluate
13.	Describe the importance of runway lighting. Explain threshold lighting with the help of sketches.	DI-J	Evaluate
14.	Explain the various runway and taxiway markings.	PL2	Geate
14.	LALIGHTUL VAHOLOTUHVAY ALLIAM VAY HAINI ES.	$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{H}\mathbf{U}$	Utalt

1.	i) What are the facilities to be provided in the terminal of	BI-1	Remember
	international airport. (8)		
	ii)Describethe importance of n <mark>un</mark> way lig <mark>hting. Expl</mark> ain about		
	threshold lighting with neat sketch (1)		
2	Explain briefly about the Geometric design of runways.	BI-4	Analyze
3.	Write about the Hements of Taxiway Design.	BI-1	Remember
4.	What are the different types of terminals? Explain its concepts	BI-2	Understand
	with neat sketch.		

#### UNIT-V: HARBOURENGINEERING

Definition of Basic Terms: Harbour, Port, Satellite Port, Docks, Waves and Tides — Planning and Design of Harbours: Harbour Layout and Terminal Facilities — Coastal Structures: Plers, Break waters, Wharves, Jetties, Quays, Spring Fenders, Dolphins and Hoating Landing Stage — Irrland Water Transport — Wave action on Coastal Structures and Coastal Protection Works — Coastal Regulation Zone, 2011.

No No	Quest ions	BI' Level	Competence
1.	Howis breakwater classified?	BI-1	Remember
2	Write in short about the features of port.	BI-1	Remember
3.	List source of the special types of break water.	BI-1	Remember
4.	What do you understand by littoral drift?	BI-1	Remember
5.	What is a graving dry dock?	BI-1	Remember

6	Whyashore protection work is needed?	BI-1	Remember
7.	Howare waves classified?	BI-1	Remember
8	Define marine survey.	BI-1	Remember
9.	Define free port.	BI-1	Remember
10.	Differentiate Quayand Per.	BI-2	Understand
11.	Distinguish between dumal and semi-dumal tides.	BI-2	Understand
12.	Describe wharf. Name the types.	BI-2	Understand
13.	Difference between jetty and wharf.	BI-2	Understand
14.	Distinguish between the natural and artificial Harbour.	BI-2	Understand
15.	Distinguish between Dolphins & Jetties.	BI-2	Understand
16.	Classify Harbour based on location.	BI-3	Application
17.	Illustrate coastal shipping with an example.	BI-3	Application
18	Mention any two erosion protection Methods in Coastal Zone.	BI-3	Application
19.	Mention some of the features of a harbour.	BI-4	Analyze
20.	Explain Breakwater.	BI-4	Analyze
21.	Howtodesign the entrance of a harbor?	BI-4	Analyze
22.	Prepare the list of requirements that is to be considered during	BI-5	Evaluate
	design of part.		
23.	Howis Inland Water Transport different from sea transport?	BI-5	Evaluate
24.	Summarize about marine survey.	BI-6	Geate
25.	Summize the requirements of goodport.	BI-6	Geate

PART-B

1.	Drawa neat sketch of a harbour layout & showthe Various	BI-1	Remember
	Components. Mention the obj <mark>ectives of each</mark>		
2	What is a fender. Explain in detail about its types and	BI-1	Remember
	dassification.		
3.	Write in detail about Inland water transports and coastal	BI-1	Remember
	protection works.		
4.	Define dredging? Explainthe reasons for its adoptions. How	BI-1	Remember
	dredged Materials are disposed off?	I	
5.	i)Dscuss the factors to be considered while selecting a suitable	BI-2	Understand
	site for the construction of a part. (6)		
	ii) Distinguish Between Pier Wharf. Explain their utility with		
	the help of sketches. (7)		
6	Decrease in detail about the environmental concernrequired for	BI-2	Understand
<u>د</u>	pat operation.		
7.	i) What are the functions of wet Docks? Explain with Sketches,	BI-2	Understand
/•	their working & main features. (8)	212	
	ii) Explain with sketch the features of a composite Breakwater.		
	$\begin{array}{c} (5) \\ \end{array}$	DEO	A 1 4
8	Classify harbours on broad basis and on the basis of utility and	BI-3	<b>Application</b>
	explainthem		_
9.	i)Classify different types of break water. Explain any one in	BI-3	Application

	brief. (6) ii)Define a port and bring out the differences between a port and a harbor. What are the requirements of good port? (7)		
	and a harbor. What are the requirements of good port? (7)		
10.	Explainthe facilities to be provided in a port.	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
11.	Explain in brief:	BI-4	Analyze
	i) Littoral drift ii) Whaves and Jetties (3) (4)		
	ii) Wharves and Jetties (4)		
	iii)Fenders (3)		
	iv)Moring accessories (3)		
12.	Explain different types of break waters with neat sketches.	BI <del>-</del> 4	Analyze
13.	Discuss the tides and wave effects and its action on coastal	BI-5	Evaluate
	structures.		
14.	Explain clearly about the coastal regulation zone, 2011.	BI-6	Geate

1.	Describe briefly the functions of fixed and floating signals with necessary sketches.		Remember
2	Explain the different types of wind rose diagram for determining the harbour entrance.	BF-4	Analyze
3.	Briefly explain the various types of dedging.	BI-2	Understand
4.	Explain about the wave action on Coastal Structures and Coastal Protection Works.	BF4	Analyze