

**SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE**

SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur – 603 203

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ENGINEERING**

**QUESTION BANK**



**V SEMESTER**

**1902501- IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE ENGINEERING**

**B.E. AGRICULTURE ENGINEERING**

**Regulation – 2019**

**Academic Year: 2022– 2023 (ODD)**

*Prepared by*

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**SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**  
**B.E. AGRICULTURE ENGINEERING**



**QUESTION BANK**

**SUBJECT: 1902501- IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE ENGINEERING**

**SEM / YEAR: V / III**

<b>UNIT I - WATER RESOURCES AND IRRIGATION REQUIREMENT</b>			
Water Resources- River basins-Development and Utilization in India and Tamil Nadu- Irrigation - Duty and delta - Rooting characteristics - Moisture use of crop, Evapotranspiration - ET plot - Crop water requirement - Effective rainfall - Scheduling - Irrigation requirement - Irrigation frequency, Irrigation efficiencies.			
<b>PART-A</b>			
<b>Q. No</b>	<b>Questions</b>	<b>BT Level</b>	<b>Competence</b>
1.	Define irrigation	BT-1	Remember
2.	Define the term crop period.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Identify the factors on which duty depends.	BT-1	Remember
4.	Define effective rainfall.	BT-1	Remember
5.	Illustrate some major irrigation projects in India.	BT-1	Remember
6.	What are the necessities of irrigation?	BT-1	Remember
7.	What is Evapotranspiration?	BT-2	Understand
8.	Illustrate the duty, delta and base period relation.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Show the types of irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
10.	Compare the advantages and disadvantages of irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
11.	Summarize the factors affecting the Evapotranspiration.	BT-2	Understand
12.	Explain wilting co-efficient.	BT-3	Application
13.	What is ET rate?	BT-3	Application
14.	Identify the need of Irrigation Scheduling.	BT-3	Application
15.	Summarize about River basin	BT-3	Application
16.	Illustrate the Water application efficiency.	BT-2	Understand
17.	Illustrate about permanent wilting point	BT-2	Understand
18.	Define the term irrigation efficiency.	BT-1	Remember
19.	What are the concepts of consumptive use of water.	BT-1	Remember
20.	Illustrate some river basin in India	BT-2	Understand
21.	Show the types of irrigation efficiencies.	BT-2	Understand
22.	Draw the phase diagram of soil	BT-2	Understand
23.	Summarize about available moisture and readily available moisture	BT-3	Application
24.	Define the term " Irrigation Frequency "	BT-1	Remember
25.	A wheat field needs to be irrigated with the depth of irrigation of 50 cm, the duration of the crop season is 125 days. How many area can stream size of 15 lps flowing for 15 hours a day can irrigate?	BT-3	Application

<b>PART-B</b>			
<b>Q.No</b>	<b>Questions</b>	<b>BT Level</b>	<b>Competence</b>
1.	Explain the following terms: (i) Soil water (3) (ii) Soil available water (3) (iii) Water holding capacity (3) (iv) Soil-water-plant relationship (4)	BT-1	Remember
2.	Define Irrigation? What are the merits and demerits of irrigation?	BT-1	Remember
3.	An irrigation canal has a GCA of 80000 ha out of which 85% is culturable area. The intensity of irrigation for Kharif season is 30% and for Rabi season 60%. Find the discharge required at the head of the canal if the Duty at its head is 800 ha/cumec for Kharif season and 1700 ha/cumec for Rabi season.	BT-5	Evaluate
4.	Explain in detail about water resources in India	BT-2	Understand
5.	A watercourse has a culturable command area of 2600 ha, out of which the intensities of irrigation for perennial sugarcane and rice crops are 20% and 40%, respectively. The Duty for these crops at the head of the watercourse is 750 ha/cumec and 1800 ha/cumec, respectively. Find the discharge required at the head of watercourse if the peak demand is 20% higher than the average requirement.	BT-5	Evaluate
6.	The root zone depth of the crop is 90 cm, and its availability water holding capacity is 15 cm/meter. Irrigation to be applied when 40% available water in the root zone is depleted. If daily consumption use is 3 mm. Find the irrigation period	BT-5	Evaluate
7.	Estimate, after how many days will you supply water to a clay loam soil in order to ensure efficient irrigation of the given crop, if 1. Field capacity of the soil is 25% 2. Permanent wilting point is 12% 3. Density of the soil is 1.65 g/cc 4. Effective depth of root zone is 70cm and 5. Daily consumptive use of water for the given crop is 10mm.	BT-5	Evaluate
8.	A crop has effective root zone depth of 1200 mm and monthly (30 days) crop evapotranspiration of 260 mm. The effective rainfall during the 30 days period is 20 mm. The field capacity and permissible soil moisture depletion (volume basis) are 16% and 8%, respectively. Find the frequency of irrigation.	BT-5	Evaluate
9.	Interpret the relationship between duty, delta and base period with appropriate explanations.	BT-3	Application
10.	Explain about water resources potential in Tamilnadu	BT-2	Understand
11.	List and Explain the theoretical methods to calculate the Evapotranspiration.	BT-2	Understand
12.	Explain detail about factors influencing duty, delta and base period.	BT-2	Understand
13.	Write in detail about Irrigation Scheduling	BT-1	Remember

14.	A stream of water of 125 liters/sec was diverted from a canal and 100 liters/sec were delivered to the field. An area of 1.6 hectares was irrigated in 8 hours. The effective depth of root zone was 1.7m. The runoff loss in the field was 420 m <sup>3</sup> . The depth of water penetration varied linearly from 1.7m at the head end of the field to 1.1m at the tail end. Available moisture holding capacity of the soil is 20 cm/m depth of soil. Determine the various irrigation efficiency. Irrigation was started at a moisture extraction level of 50% of available moisture.	BT-5	Evaluate
15.	Develop the terms: G.C.A., C.C.A., Kor depth, Kor period, outlet factor, capacity factor, nominal duty, rabi and kharif crops.	BT-3	Application
16.	The field capacity of a soil is 20%, its permanent wilting point is 14% and specific dry unity weight is 15KN/m <sup>3</sup> . If the effective depth of root zone of a crop is 75 cm. Consumptive use of water for crop is 11mm. After how many days will you supply water to the soil to ensure effective irrigation.	BT-5	Evaluate
17.	(i) What is effective rainfall and explain the methods to calculate effective rainfall (ii) Calculate the effective rainfalls for the following monthly rainfall figures: R = 30, 70, 100 mm	BT-1	Remember

### PART-C

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence																				
1.	Write the Necessity and scope of Irrigation in India and identify some of the major water resources in India.	BT-1	Remember																				
2.	Classify the crops based on crop season, Agricultural pattern and irrigation requirements, with suitable example.	BT-2	Understand																				
3.	Write the Necessity and scope of Irrigation in India and identify some of the major water resources in India.	BT-2	Understand																				
4.	List in detail about major water resources of your native district	BT-1	Remember																				
5.	Construct the details given below shows the details for a certain crop: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Month</th> <th>Average Monthly Temperature ( ° C)</th> <th>Monthly % of day time hours of the year</th> <th>Useful Rainfall (cm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>November</td> <td>19</td> <td>7.19</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>December</td> <td>16</td> <td>7.15</td> <td>1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>January</td> <td>12.5</td> <td>7.30</td> <td>0.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>February</td> <td>13</td> <td>7.03</td> <td>-</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Using Blaney Criddle equation and a crop factor of 0.75, Determine: Consumptive Use, Consumptive Irrigation Requirement, Field Irrigation Requirement and Gross Irrigation Requirement. Given, Water Application Efficiency = 70% Water conveyance efficiency = 60% Latitude of the place = 30° N</p>	Month	Average Monthly Temperature ( ° C)	Monthly % of day time hours of the year	Useful Rainfall (cm)	November	19	7.19	-	December	16	7.15	1.2	January	12.5	7.30	0.8	February	13	7.03	-	BT-5	Evaluate
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## UNIT II - METHODS OF IRRIGATION

Methods of Irrigation – Surface and Subsurface methods – Drip and Sprinkler – Hydraulics and design - Erodible and non-erodible, Kennedy’s and Lacey’s theories, Materials for lining water courses and field channel, Water control and diversion structure -Underground pipeline irrigation system.

### PART-A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	What is Micro irrigation?	BT-1	Remember
2.	Where and when the direct irrigation is adopted?	BT-1	Remember
3.	Name a suitable method of irrigation for a hilly terrain. Justify your answer.	BT-1	Remember
4.	Define Net irrigation.	BT-1	Remember
5.	What is meant by contour farming?	BT-1	Remember
6.	Define tank irrigation.	BT-1	Remember
7.	Compare lift and flow irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
8.	Outline the lift irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Summarize about alignment of canals	BT-2	Understand
10.	Illustrate seepage line irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
11.	Summarize about seepage line irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
12.	Identify the different types of canal lining.	BT-3	Application
13.	Outline about water control structures.	BT-3	Application
14.	What is meant by portable check dams?	BT-3	Application
15.	Differentiate Lacey theory and Kennedy theory.	BT-3	Application
16.	Show the functions of turnouts.	BT-1	Remember
17.	Construct the equation for the pressure variation in irrigation pipe lines.	BT-3	Application
18.	What is Lacey regime	BT-1	Remember
19.	Organize the objectives of canal lining.	BT-3	Application
20.	Develop the condition for Lacey's true regime.	BT-3	Application
21.	What are the purposes of check gates?	BT-1	Remember
22.	What are the objective of culverts in water diversion structures?	BT-1	Remember
23.	Show the components of underground pipeline irrigation system	BT-2	Understand
24.	Illustrate the advantages of canal lining.	BT-2	Understand
25.	Extend the uses of water diversion structures	BT-2	Understand

### PART-B

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Explain the different types of flooding methods.	BT-1	Remember
2.	Infer the advantages and disadvantages of drip irrigation system.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of Sprinkler System.	BT-1	Remember
4.	Define surface irrigation. Why it is widely practiced method of irrigation? What are the advantages and disadvantages of the method?	BT-2	Understand
5.	Explain in detail about sprinkler method of irrigation and how far it is suitable in Indian conditions.	BT-2	Understand
6.	Write a note on drip irrigation? Identify the components of drip irrigation system.	BT-2	Understand

7.	Using Kennedy theory design an irrigation channel to carry a discharge of 56.63 cumec. Assume $N=0.0225$ and $B/D = 11.3$	BT-2	Understand
8.	Design an irrigation channel for the following data using Kennedy's theory: Full Supply Discharge = 14.16 cumec Slope, $S = 1/5000$ Kutter's roughness coefficient, $N=0.0225$ Critical Velocity ratio, $m=1$ Side slope, $Z= 1/2$	BT-5	Evaluate
9.	Design an irrigation Channel in alluvial soil from data using Lacey's theory: Discharge = 15 cumec ; Lacey's silt factor = 1.0; Side slope = $1/2:1$	BT-5	Evaluate
10.	The slope of an irrigation channel is 0.2 per thousand. Lacey's silt factor = 1.0, channel side slope = $1/2:1$ . Find the full supply discharge and dimensions of the channel	BT-5	Evaluate
11.	Why should lining be provided in canals? What are the merits and demerits of canal lining?	BT-1	Remember
12.	Demonstrate about types of canal lining.	BT-2	Understand
13.	Illustrate in detail water control and diversion structures.	BT-2	Understand
14.	Organize the components of underground pipeline irrigation system? Explain in detail.	BT-1	Remember
15.	List the pressurized irrigation system.	BT-1	Remember
16.	Summarize a detailed outline on Sprinkler Irrigation and explain its types, Efficiency and Limitations.	BT-2	Understand
17.	Construct the types of irrigation	BT-3	Application

**PART-C**

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Develop the term sub-surface irrigation; state clearly the conditions under which this method is suitable. What are the essential requirements for a successful sub-surface irrigation?	BT-3	Application
2.	Compare drip irrigation and Sprinkler irrigation.	BT-2	Understand
3.	Explain about cross drainage works	BT-2	Understand
4.	Design an irrigation channel to carry 40 cumecs of discharge, with B/D, base width to depth ratio as 2.5. The critical velocity ratio is 1.0. Assume a suitable value of Kutter's roughness coefficient and use Kennedy's method.	BT-5	Evaluate
5.	Compare Kennedy's Theory and Lacey's Theory.	BT-2	Understand

**UNIT III - DIVERSION AND IMPOUNDING STRUCTURE**

Head works - Weirs and Barrage -Types of impounding structures - Factors affecting, location of dams - Forces on a dam -Design of Gravity dams- Earth dams, Arch dams - Spillways -Energy dissipators.

**PART-A**

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	What is meant by canal escape?	BT-1	Remember
2.	List the various kinds of dams.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Name the different types of spillways.	BT-1	Remember



4.	What is a weir?	BT-1	Remember
5.	Define tank sluices.	BT-1	Remember
6.	List the forces acting on arch dams	BT-1	Remember
7.	Explain the term sluiceway.	BT-2	Understand
8.	Summarize on spillway.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Classify the types of earthen dams.	BT-2	Understand
10.	Explain barrage.	BT-2	Understand
11.	Illustrate the modes of failure in gravity dams.	BT-2	Understand
12.	Develop the term gravity dam.	BT-3	Application
13.	Dramatize the term stream line.	BT-3	Application
14.	Analyze the limitations of blights creep theory.	BT-3	Application
15.	List the functions of weir.	BT-3	Application
16.	List the uses of dams.	BT-1	Remember
17.	Name the different types of diversion head works.	BT-1	Remember
18.	Compare weir and dam (barrage).	BT-1	Remember
19.	How spillway differs from a sluice?	BT-1	Remember
20.	Estimate the failures that occur during the construction of earth dam.	BT-2	Understand
21.	Define Percolation pond?	BT-1	Remember
22.	Illustrate the functions of scouring sluices.	BT-2	Understand
23.	Identify the component parts of diversion headwork.	BT-3	Application
24.	Construct the purposes of diversion headwork.	BT-3	Application
25.	Explain diversion headwork.	BT-2	Understand

**PART-B**

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Write in detail about the component parts of diversion works.	BT-1	Remember
2.	What are the types of weirs and Explain various components of weir?	BT-1	Remember
3.	Write in detail about the tank surplus works.	BT-1	Remember
4.	What are the causes of failure of Earth dam and Gravity dam? State its remedies.	BT-1	Remember
5.	Summarize the factors affecting the selection of type of a dam.	BT-2	Understand
6.	Give an outline on the causes of Failure in weir on permeable foundation and how to overcome it?	BT-2	Understand
7.	Summarize the criteria for safe design of earth dam.	BT-2	Understand
8.	Explain the forces acting on a gravity dam.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Identify the forces acting on an earth dam.	BT-3	Application
10.	Classify types of dams and list the comparative merits and demerits of various types of dams.	BT-2	Understand
11.	List the various types of spillways and types of gates used in spillways.	BT-1	Remember
12.	Explain in detail about Percolation pond and factors to be considered for a percolation pond.	BT-2	Understand
13.	Explain the features of cross drainage works.	BT-2	Understand
14.	Construct the types of dams and dam arches.	BT-3	Application
15.	List the advantages and disadvantages of Gravity dam.	BT-1	Remember
16.	Show the functions of a under sluice and also list out the design considerations.	BT-2	Understand

17.	The head regulator of a canal has 3 openings each 3 m wide. The water is flowing between the upper and lower gates. The vertical opening of the gate is 1 m. The head on the regulator is 0.45 m (Afflux). If the upstream water level rises by 0.20 m, find how much the upper gates must be lowered to maintain the canal discharge unaltered.	BT-5	Evaluate
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<b>PART-C</b>			
<b>Q.No</b>	<b>Questions</b>	<b>BT Level</b>	<b>Competence</b>
1.	What are the causes of Failure in weir on permeable foundation and how to overcome that?	BT-1	Remember
2.	Illustrate factors to be considered during hydraulic design of dams.	BT-2	Understand
3.	Compare the Earthen dams and gravity dams in general.	BT-2	Understand
4.	What are the criteria for locating the diversion head work? Explain.	BT-1	Remember
5.	Identify the design consideration for canal head regulator.	BT-3	Application

<b>UNIT IV - CANAL IRRIGATION AND COMMAND AREA DEVELOPMENT</b>			
Classification of canals- Alignment of canals — Design of irrigation canals - Regime theories-Canal Head works - Canal regulators - Canal drops - Cross drainage works - Canal Outlet, Escapes -Lining and maintenance of canals - Excess irrigation and waterlogging problem - Command area - Concept, Components of CADP - On Farm Development works, Farmer's committee - its role for water distribution and system operation - Rotational irrigation system.			
<b>PART-A</b>			
<b>Q.No</b>	<b>Questions</b>	<b>BT Level</b>	<b>Competence</b>
1.	What are the classifications of canals based on nature of source of supply?	BT-1	Remember
2.	What are the classifications of canals based on financial aspect?	BT-1	Remember
3.	What are the classifications of canals based on function served by the canal?	BT-1	Remember
4.	Why the canals are aligned?	BT-1	Remember
5.	What are the methods of alignment?	BT-1	Remember
6.	Write any two factors to be considered while aligning the canal.	BT-1	Remember
7.	Illustrate the term cross drainage work.	BT-2	Understand
8.	Summarize about canal head works.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Why training works are provided?	BT-2	Understand
10.	Summarize the advantages of Super passage.	BT-2	Understand
11.	What are the necessities of cross drainage works?	BT-2	Understand
12.	Write the use of alluvial canals.	BT-3	Application
13.	Distinguish between canal Syphon and Syphon aqueduct	BT-3	Application
14.	Define canal escape.	BT-3	Application
15.	What are the problems of water logging?	BT-3	Application
16.	Write about farm development.	BT-1	Remember
17.	Write the objectives of CADP	BT-1	Remember



18.	Illustrate the causes of water logging.	BT-2	Understand
19.	Demonstrate the purpose of water distribution system?	BT-2	Understand
20.	Summarize the components of CADP	BT-2	Understand
21.	Construct on form development work?	BT-3	Application
22.	Identify the objectives of water irrigation association.	BT-3	Application
23.	Organize about Warabandi system of irrigation	BT-3	Application
24.	What is reliability in irrigation?	BT-1	Remember
25.	Summarize why farmers used the water on a rotation system?	BT-2	Understand

### PART-B

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	How canals are generally classified? Describe them briefly.	BT-1	Remember
2.	Explain the various considerations for alignment of a canal.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Why are canal falls necessary? Describe briefly with sketch the various types of canal falls.	BT-1	Remember
4.	What are the types of cross drainage works? Describe them briefly with sketches.	BT-1	Remember
5.	State the factors to be considered for the choice of a suitable type of cross drainage work.	BT-2	Understand
6.	Write about the silt control devices employed in the cross drainage work.	BT-2	Understand
7.	What are the criteria for locating the canal outlet? Explain.	BT-2	Understand
8.	Enumerate the different types of water logging.	BT-2	Understand
9.	Describe in detail about CADP	BT-3	Application
10.	Outline the Role of Water Users Associations in Irrigation Management.	BT-3	Application
11.	Build the benefits from Farmers organization to the stakeholders.	BT-3	Application
12.	Organize the Warabandi system of irrigation with neat sketch	BT-3	Application
13.	How maintenance work carried out in irrigation water supply system.	BT-1	Remember
14.	Explain in detail about canal escape and canal outlet.	BT-2	Understand
15.	Name the advantages and disadvantages of lining of irrigation channels	BT-1	Remember
16.	Design a lined canal to carry $100 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ on a slope of 1 in 2500. The maximum permissible velocity is 2 m/s, $n = 0.013$ in Manning's formula and side is 1.25 H : 1.0 V	BT-5	Evaluate
17.	Develop the effects of water logging and also discuss of methods of preventing it.	BT-2	Understand

### PART-C

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Describe in detail about canal regulation works	BT-1	Remember
2.	How will you Estimate the effectiveness of a rotational irrigation delivery system?	BT-1	Remember
3.	Explain the techniques in On-Farm Water Management Options for Increasing Irrigation Efficiency in Command Areas	BT-2	Understand
4.	Summarize the importance of Tamil Nadu Farmers' Management of Irrigation Systems Act, 2000	BT-2	Understand
5.	Construct case study about water losses in India	BT-3	Application

## UNIT V - AGRICULTURAL DRAINAGE

Agricultural drainage - Drainage coefficient; principles of flow through soils, Darcy's law - infiltration theory, Surface drainage systems - Subsurface drainage - Design of subsurface drainage - Pipe materials - mole drains, drainage wells, Leaching requirements - irrigation and drainage water quality - recycling of drainage water for irrigation.

### PART-A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Enlist the need for drainage	BT-1	Remember
2.	State the objective of agricultural drainage.	BT-1	Remember
3.	Define deep open drain	BT-1	Remember
4.	What is the inference obtained from drainage coefficient?	BT-1	Remember
5.	What is meant by pipe drain?	BT-1	Remember
6.	Differentiate field drainage and land drainage.	BT-1	Remember
7.	Summarize Darcy Law	BT-2	Understand
8.	How can we control infiltration?	BT-2	Understand
9.	How does infiltration occur?	BT-2	Understand
10.	Outline the factors affecting permeability.	BT-2	Understand
11.	Summarize the different types of surface drainage?	BT-2	Understand
12.	What are the components of surface drainage system?	BT-3	Application
13.	How does surface drainage work?	BT-3	Application
14.	What are the methods of drainage?	BT-3	Application
15.	What are the requirements of drainage system?	BT-3	Application
16.	List the advantages of levees.	BT-1	Remember
17.	Name the design criteria for subsurface drainage systems.	BT-1	Remember
18.	What is the most preferred shape of drainage?	BT-1	Remember
19.	Illustrate the types of drains are constructed in subsurface drainage system.	BT-2	Understand
20.	Summarize the storm water drainage well?	BT-2	Understand
21.	Demonstrate the minimum federal requirements for storm water drainage wells.	BT-2	Understand
22.	Identify the irrigation affect the water quality?	BT-3	Application
23.	Build recycled water be used for agriculture?	BT-3	Application
24.	Show how irrigation differ from drainage?	BT-3	Application
25.	Do moles improve drainage? Justify your comments.	BT-3	Application

### PART-B

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	Derive and explain Darcy's law.	BT-1	Remember
2.	Calculate the ratio of average permeability in horizontal direction to that in the vertical direction for a soil deposit consisting of three Horizontal layers, if the thickness and permeability of second layer are twice of those of the first and those of the third layer twice those of second	BT-1	Remember
3.	Discuss in detail about surface drainage system.	BT-1	Remember
4.	Justify the importance of infiltration theory in agriculture drainage.	BT-1	Remember
5.	Outline the importance of materials for pipe drainage.	BT-2	Understand

6.	Explain in detail about the management of recycled irrigation water.	BT-2	Understand
7.	Elaborate the Structures of Pipe Drainage Systems	BT-2	Understand
8.	How will you design subsurface drainage system?	BT-3	Application
9.	Explain the mole drainage system with neat sketch.	BT-3	Application
10.	How much crop yield increase can be expected from drainage water recycling?	BT-1	Remember
11.	What manner will you check the quality of irrigation water? Justify your comments.	BT-1	Remember
12.	How, why and when to mole drain?	BT-1	Remember
13.	With a neat sketch, Explain how storm water drainage works.	BT-3	Application
14.	Construct the methods in subsurface drainage system with a neat sketch	BT-3	Application
15.	(i) A watershed of 1500 hectares is discharging through a drain at an average ratio of 2.5 m <sup>3</sup> /s. Calculate the drainage coefficient. If the drainage coefficient is 3 cm, what would be the discharge through the drain? (6) (ii) List the methods of determining drainage coefficient (7)	BT-1	Remember
16.	List the layout and design of field drains and laterals and explain any two of them?	BT-2	Understand
17.	Calculate LR, total irrigation requirement (I) and leaching percentage (LP) for the following data EC <sub>i</sub> = 1.2 mmhos/cm, EC <sub>dp</sub> = 12.0 mmhos/cm (= 2 ' ECe50% for the crop to be grown), and I <sub>c</sub> = 6 mm/day	BT-5	Evaluate

### PART-C

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	What are the Unconfined Pumping Out Flow and determine the coefficient of permeability of soil. Also explain Draw Down Curve.	BT-1	Remember
2.	Develop the requirements, functions and design criteria of drain envelopes.	BT-3	Application
3.	Illustrate the importance of constant head and falling head permeability test.	BT-2	Understand
4.	What are the subsidies available in government for the implementation micro irrigation in India? Explain	BT-1	Remember
5.	Explain in detail about the layout and design of field drains?	BT-2	Understand