# SRMVALLIAMMAIENGINEERINGCOLLEGE (An Autonomous Institution)

SRMNagar,Kattankulathur-603203

### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

## QUESTIONBANK





## 1908012 - SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

**Regulation** –2019

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Prepared by

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

#### **QUESTION BANK**

#### SUBJECT: 1908012 - SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

**SEM / YEAR: VIII/IV** 

#### **UNIT I -INTRODUCTION**

Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web - Emergence of the Social Web - Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis- Key concepts and measures in network analysis - Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities - Web-based networks - Applications of Social Network Analysis.

PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BT	Competence	
1	What is network analysis?	BTL-1	Remembering	
2	What is the main function of semantic web?	BTL-1	Remembering	
3	Identify the use of semantic web in current system .	BTL-3	Applying	
4	Define semantic web. SRM	BTL-1	Remembering	
5	List out the purpose of semantic web.	BTL-1	Remembering	
6	What is the function of machine-readable description?	BTL-4	Analyzing	
7	Why is semantic web so useful for the development of web?	BTL-4	Analyzing	
8	List the activities performed using HTML.	BTL-1	Remembering	
9	Illustrate the global structure of networks.	BTL-3	Applying	
10	Differentiate web2.0 and web 3.0.	BTL-2	Understanding	
11	Give the design flaws involved in html forms.	BTL-2	Understanding	
12	What are limitations of web2.0?	BTL-1	Remembering	
13	Explain why is semantic web regarded as integrator?		Evaluating	
14	Why is HTML used in semantic web?	BTL-4	Analyzing	
15	Identify the uses of semantic web solution.	BTL-3	Applying	
16	What is Core-Periphery (C/P) structure.	BTL-2	Understanding	
17	Assess the relationship between the different dimensions of personal networks.	BTL-5	Evaluating	
18	Generalize the macro-structure of social networks.	BTL-6	Creating	
19	Evaluate the different approaches to deal with name ambiguity.	BTL-5	Evaluating	
20	How the 2D lattice model of networks is converted to a toroidal lattice model?	BTL-6	Creating	
21	Differentiate intellectual capital and Social Capital.	BTL-2	Understanding	
22	Will the Jaccard-coefficient show a correlation in cases where there is a significant difference in the sizes of the two sets? Justify your answer.	BTL-4	Analyzing	

23	State Jaccard-coefficient.	BTL-2	Understanding			
24	Examine Blogs and online communities.	BTL-3	Applying			
PART – B						
1	List and briefly describe the limitation of current web. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering			
2.	Describe the following in detail: (i) The semantic web (6) (ii) The semantic web solution (7)	BTL-2	Understanding			
3	Describe the development of the Semantic Web (13)	BTL-1	Remembering			
4	Summarize the emergence of the social web (13)	BTL-2	Understanding			
5	What is network analysis? Explain. (5) Examine the development of Social Network Analysis. (8)	BTL-1	Remembering			
6	Illustrate the global structure of networks with an example. (13)	BTL-3	Applying			
7	Discuss in detail about the macro-structure of social networks. (13)	BTL-3	Applying			
8	Describe the following networks in detail. (i) Social Networks (6) (ii) Personal Networks (7)	BTL-1	Remembering			
9	Briefly explain the following: (i) Electronic discussion networks (7) (ii) Blogs and online communities (6)	BTL-4	Analyzing			
10	Examine the different dimension of social capital and their related concepts and measures. (13)	BTL-3	Applying			
11	Summarize the key concepts and measures in network analysis. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding			
12	Explain in detail about web based networks. (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing			
13	Explain the Research, development and standardization of semantic web. (13)	BTL-5	Evaluating			
14	Summarize: The structural dimension of social capital (7) The relational dimension of social capital (6)	BTL-5	Evaluating			
15	Discuss the technology adaptation of semantic web in detail. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding			
16	Explain about Jaccard-coefficient and show how it is used to relate two sets and their union (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing			
17	Discuss the business application of social network analysis in detail. (13)	BTL-6	Creating			
	PART – B					
1.	Summarize the limitations of the current web and discuss how sematic web solves the problem.(15)	BTL-5	Evaluating			

2.	<ul><li>(i) Generalize the process of social network analysis (7)</li><li>(ii) Summarize the development of Social Network Analysis (8)</li></ul>	BTL-6	Creating
3.	Evaluate the key concepts and measures in network analysis from the macro level to the micro level. (15	BTL-5	Evaluating
4.	Explain the social network analysis process in Blogs and online communities and Personal networks. (15)	BTL-6	Creating
5	Explain in detail about the Electronic sources for network analysis (15)	BTL-5	Evaluating

#### UNIT II - MODELLING, AGGREGATING AND KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION

Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web: Ontology-based knowledge Representation -Ontology languages for the Semantic Web: Resource Description Framework - Web Ontology Language - Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation - Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships - Aggregating and reasoning with social network data

PART – A					
Q.No	Questions	N.Y.	6	<b>BT Level</b>	Competence
1	What are the uses of statistics in data n	nining?	°°	BTL-2	Understanding
2	Define ontology.	RM	E	BTL-1	Remembering
3	Differentiate lightweight ontology hea	vyweight	GE	BTL-4	Analyzing
4	What is the use of ontology languages	20	100	BTL-2	Understanding
5	List the special characteristics of ontol	ogies.		BTL-1	Remembering
6	List the Ontology languages used for t	he Semant	tic Web.	BTL-1	Remembering
7	Compare RDF and UML.	~		BTL-5	Evaluating
8	Write the features of SPARQL.			BTL-2	Understanding
9	What is the Resource Description Fran	nework ?		BTL-1	Remembering
10	Give the components of a learning system.		BTL-3	Applying	
11	Illustrate the RDF Schema vocabulary with an example.		BTL-3	Applying	
12	Compare the Entity/Relationship (E/R) model and the relational model.		BTL-4	Analyzing	
13	Show the Semantic Web layer cake.			BTL-1	Remembering
14	Point out the Unique features of RDF/	OWL.		BTL-4	Analyzing
15	Discover the difference between Exten Language (XML) and XML Schema.	sible Mar	kup	BTL-3	Applying
16	Describe the different forms of network representation.	rk data		BTL-2	Understanding
17	Analyze the characteristics of social re	lationship	s.	BTL-4	Analyzing
18	Assess FOAF Ontological representati individuals for characterizing individual	on of soci als.	al	BTL-5	Evaluating
19	Explain the idea ontology mapping.			BTL-5	Evaluating

20	List the basic variations on what point the identity reasoning is performed.	BTL-1	Remembering
21	Discuss the relationship between Description Logic versus rule-based reasoners.	BTL-2	Understanding
22	Compare Forward chaining versus backward chaining	BTL-3	Applying
23	Generalize the concept of reasoning with	BTL-6	Creating
24	Discover the alternative RDF(S) representation of relationships.	BTL-6	Creating
	PART – B	1	
1	Describe Ontologies and their role in the Semantic Web.(13)	BTL-1	Remembering
2	Describe ontology languages for the Semantic Web. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
3	Explain in detail about (i) The Resource Description Framework (RDF). (7) (ii) RDF and the notion of semantics(6)	BTL-4	Analyzing
4	Compare and contrast the Unified Modelling Language and RDF/OWL language. (13)	BTL-4	Analying
5	Discuss in detail about Ontology-based Knowledge Representation.(13)	BTL-2	Understanding
6	Describe the Web Ontology Language in detail. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
7	Examine thenetwork data representation schemes. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
8	<ul> <li>(i) Analyze the features of XML and RDF.(8)</li> <li>(ii) Compare the E/R, UML, XML and RDF/OWL languages (5)</li> </ul>	BTL-4	Analyzing
9	Describe the ontological representation of social relationships (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
10	Compare Description Logic versus rule-based reasoners and Forward versus backward chaining(13)	BTL-3	Applying
11	<ul> <li>i) Compose a solution for resolving inequality of resources in OWL.(6)</li> <li>ii) Write the Representation of identity of resources in RDF. (7)</li> </ul>	BTL-6	Creating
12	Discuss about Aggregating and reasoning with social network data. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
13	Describe the Conceptual model of representing social relationships. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
14	<ul><li>i) Examine the timing of reasoning and the method of representation(7)</li><li>ii) Identify the use of Evaluating smushing (6)</li></ul>	BTL-3	Applying
15	<ul><li>i) Explain the OWL Full vocabulary in detail.(7)</li><li>ii) Explain the Semantic Web layer cake in detail. (6)</li></ul>	BTL-5	Evaluating
16	<ul> <li>i) Identify the Unique features of UML (6)</li> <li>ii) Identify the unique features of RDF/OWL(7)</li> </ul>	BTL-3	Applying
17	Write a set of triples describing two persons represented in the Turtle language and convert it into graph visualization of the RDF document.	BTL-5	Evaluating

	Part C		
	Discuss the key challenge of the Semantic Web and the		
1	role of Ontologies in the Semantic Web. (15)	BTL-5	Evaluating
2	Explain in detail about the ontologies and ontology languages for the Semantic Web (15)	BTL-6	Creating
3	Explain the schemes for mapping of an ontology and an interpretation domain.(15)	BTL-5	Evaluating
4	Design a method for Modelling and aggregating of social network data.(15)	BTL-6	Creating
5	Compare and Contrast the E/R, UML, XML and RDF/OWL languages. Which one is more efficient? Justify your answer. (15)	BTL-5	Evaluating
UNI	<b>FILE EXTRACTION AND MINING COMMUNI</b>	<b>FIES IN W</b>	EB SOCIAL
	NETWORKS		
Extract	ing evolution of Web Community from a Series of	Web Arcl	nive - Detecting
commu	nities in social networks - Definition of community	- Evaluatin	g communities -
Metho	ls for community detection and mining - Applicati	ons of cor	nmunity mining
algorith	ims - Tools for detecting communities social ne	etwork infi	astructures and
commu	nities - Decentralized online social networks		
	PART A		
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1	Give the Algorithms that are used for building charts.	BTL-2	Understanding
2	What is a web community?	BTL-1	Remembering
3	Discover the size distribution of communities	BTL-3	Applying
4	Write notes on web community charts.	BTL-2	Understanding
5	How is web community extracted?	BTL-4	Analyzing
6	Define the principle elements of a public key crypto system.	BTL-1	Remembering
7	What is meant by virtual community?	BTL-1	Remembering
8	Examine the purpose of evolution metrics	BTL-1	Remembering
9	What is meant by community structure?	BTL-3	Applying
10	Show the attributes that are used to represent how many		
10	URLs the focused community obtains or loss?	BTL-5	Evaluating
11	Justify the statement" The Web is extremely dynamic".	BTL-6	Creating
12	Give the significance of community discovery in social network analysis.	BTL-2	Understanding
13	What are the uses of community discovery?	BTL-2	Understanding
14	Mention the advantages of hierarchical algorithms	BTL-4	Analyzing
15	Wention the advantages of meraremear argorithms.		1 0
	What is Markov clustering?	BTL-1	Remembering
16	What is Markov clustering? Draw a neat sketch showing the Optimization Based Algorithms	BTL-1 BTL-3	Remembering Applying
16 17	What is Markov clustering?         Draw a neat sketch showing the Optimization Based         Algorithms         Illustrate the process of network reduction for analysing social networks.	BTL-1 BTL-3 BTL-3	RememberingApplyingApplying
16 17 18	What is Markov clustering?         Draw a neat sketch showing the Optimization Based         Algorithms         Illustrate the process of network reduction for analysing         social networks.         Infer spectral algorithms.	BTL-1 BTL-3 BTL-3 BTL-4	RememberingApplyingApplyingAnalyzing
16 17 18 19	When the advantages of incratencear algorithms.         What is Markov clustering?         Draw a neat sketch showing the Optimization Based         Algorithms         Illustrate the process of network reduction for analysing social networks.         Infer spectral algorithms.         Point out the tools for interactively visualizing and analyzing small networks.	BTL-1 BTL-3 BTL-3 BTL-4 BTL-4	RememberingApplyingApplyingAnalyzingAnalyzing

21	What is the global definition of community?	BTL-1	Remembering	
22	How will you evaluate the communities?	BTL-5	Evaluating	
23	Give the role decentralized Online Social Networks	BTL-2	Understanding	
24	Show how community mining techniques can be applied to the analysis of scientific collaborations?	BTL-6	Creating	
	PART B			
1	What is web community? How will you extract of web community from a series of web archives? (13)	BTL-1	Remembering	
2	Summarize the concept of Web Community Chart in detail. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding	
3	<ul><li>i) Discover the Evolution of Web Community Charts(6)</li><li>ii) Give the types of Changes in community structure. (7)</li></ul>	BTL-3	Applying	
4	<ul><li>i) Discuss the various evolution metrics.(7)</li><li>ii) Describe the various definitions of community.(6)</li></ul>	BTL-2	Understanding	
5	Describe the core methods of community discovery in social networks.	BTL-3	Applying	
6	<ul><li>i) Apply the definition of Community in terms of local, global and vertex similarity. (6)</li><li>ii) How the Communities are Evaluated? Explain. (7)</li></ul>	BTL-3	Applying	
7	Explain how the Communities in Social Networks can be detected? (13)	BTL-1	Remembering	
8	Explain Analysis Of Web Archives And Evolution Of Web Communities.(13)	BTL-4	Analyzing	
9	Evaluate the Optimization Based Algorithms (13)	BTL-5	Evaluating	
10	<ul> <li>i) Summarize the Tools for detecting Large-Scale Networks(6)</li> <li>ii) Describe the tools for Interactive Analysis (7)</li> </ul>	BTL-2	Understanding	
11	List and explain the applications of Community Mining Algorithms.(13)	BTL-1	Remembering	
12	Categorize the Methodologies of Network Community Mining and explain. (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing	
13	Generalize the methods for community detection. (13)	BTL-6	Creating	
14	<ul> <li>i) Explain briefly about Discovering Scientific Collaboration Groups from Social Networks(6)</li> <li>ii) Explain the Mining of Communities from Distributed and Dynamic Networks (7)</li> </ul>	BTL-4	Analying	
15	Describe the decentralized Online Social Networks in detail.(13)	BTL-1	Remembering	
16	Explain in detail the general architecture of a distributed online social network.(13)	BTL-5	Evaluating	
17	Write short notes oni)Optimization Based Algorithms for Network Community Mining (7)ii)Heuristic MethodsNetwork Community Mining(6)	BTL-2	Understanding	
PART C				

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1	Explain the details of changes of web communities, and the evolution metrics that can be used forfinding patterns of evolution. (15)			BTL-5	Evaluating	
2	Evolution Of Web Communities a Web Archives(15)	BTL-6	Creating			
3	Categorize the methods for detecting	communities(1	5)	BTL-6	Creating	
4	Discuss the tools for detecting com scale networks, and interactively a from small networks. (15)	munities from nalyzing com	large munities	BTL-5	Evaluating	
5	Explain Applications of Communi (15)	ty Mining Alg	gorithms.	BTL-5	Evaluating	
	UNIT IV PREDICTING HUMA	N BEHAVIO	OUR AND	PRIVACY	ISSUES	
Understanding and predicting human behaviour for social communities - User datamanagement - Inference and Distribution - Enabling new human experiences - Reality mining - Context - Awareness - Privacy in online social networks - Trust inonline environment - Trust models based on subjective logic - Trust networkanalysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation – Trustderivation based on trust comparisons - Attack spectrum and countermeasures.						
$\mathbf{PART} - \mathbf{A}^{\prime\prime} \mathbf{A}$						
<u>Q.N0</u>	Define Context-Awareness		2	DI Level	Dompetence	
1		SRM	m	BIL-I	Kemembernig	
2	List the technologies that enable n	ew Human	m	BTL-I	Remembering	
3	Define the classes of interoperabil	ity degree		BIL-I DTL 1	Remembering	
4	List the categories of steps that en	able human be	havior	BIL-I BTL-1	Remembering	
5	understanding and prediction.		.114 1101	DIL-I	Remembering	
6	What is Data Management?			BTL-2	Understanding	
7	Illustrate the human Behavior Unc Prediction process.	lerstanding an	d	BTL-3	Applying	
8	Identify the categories of contexts			BTL-3	Applying	
9	Show the Context layering model generation.	for knowledge	2	BTL-2	Applying	
10	0 Explain the significance of Service Exposure and Control.		d	BTL-2	Understanding	
11	Give the timeline of online social	networking.		BTL-2	Understanding	
12	Point out the properties of Online	Social Networ	rks.	BTL-4	Analyzing	
13	Identify the top ten mostly visited	social networ	ks.	BTL-3	Understanding	
14	How do you perform Trust Netwo	rk Analysis?		BTL-1	Evaluating	
15	Analyze the Operators for Derivin	g Trust.		BTL-4	Analyzing	
16	What is Trust Transitivity Analysi	s?		BTL-4	Analyzing	
17	Summarize the Principle of trust transitivity.		BTL-5	Evaluating		

18	State Transitivity.	BTL-4	Analyzing
19	Define Dirichlet Reputation System.	BTL-5	Remembering
20	How Trust Derivation can be done based on Trust Comparisons?	BTL-6	Creating
21	Design Multinomial aggregate ratings from binomial trust in the form of an opinion.	BTL-6	Creating
22	What is bijective mapping?	BTL-2	Understanding
23	Demonstrate the process of Combining trust and reputation.	BTL-3	Applying
24	State the theorem of Equivalence Between Opinions and Reputations	BTL-5	Evaluating
	PART-B		
1	Examine User Data Management, Inference and Distribution in detail. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
2	Summarize the understanding and predicting of human behaviour for social communities.	BTL-2	Understanding
3	Discuss about the technologies that Enabling New Human Experiences. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
4	Explain briefly about the Context layering model for knowledge generation.(13)	BTL-3	Applying
5	Describe the Architectural Framework and methodologies for human behavior understanding and prediction (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
6	<ul> <li>i) Briefly explain the Timeline of online social networking. (6)</li> <li>ii) Write notes on trust in Online Environment (7)</li> </ul>	BTL-1	Remembering
7	What is online social networking ? Explain how to Manage trust in Online Social Networks? (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing
8	Explain the trust Models Based on Subjective Logic (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
9	<ul> <li>i) Explain in detail about the operators for Deriving Trust (6)</li> <li>ii) Illustrate the Trust Network Analysis. (7)</li> </ul>	BTL-2	Understanding
10	Describe Trust Transitivity Analysis detail. (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
11	Explain the different approaches to Combining Trust and Reputation (13)	BTL-5	Evaluating
12	Illustrate Simple reputation system and explain the Dirichlet Reputation System.(13)	BTL-3	Applying
13	<ul> <li>i) Explain in detail about Deriving trust from conflicting trust .(7)</li> <li>ii) Compare the polarized and average reputation scores(6)</li> </ul>	BTL-4	Analyzing
14	Explain Trust Derivation Based on Trust Comparison. (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing
15	Generalize the approaches Trust in online environment. (13)	BTL-6	Creating

16	Explain in detail about privacy in online social networks (13)	BTL-3	Applying	
17	Briefly explain about the Attack spectrum and countermeasures. (13)	BTL-5	Evaluating	
	PART-C			
1	With a neat diagram, explain the steps involved in human behavior understanding and prediction with different categories.(15)	BTL-5	Evaluating	
2	Create the Context layering model for Knowledge Generation .(15)	BTL-6	Creating	
3	<ul><li>(i) Enumerate the properties online social networks. (5)</li><li>(ii) Evaluate the Privacy in online social networks.(10)</li></ul>	BTL-5	Evaluating	
4	Elaborate the trust transitivity analysis and show how the Principle of trust transitivity works?(15)	BTL-6	Creating	
5	Explain the trust derivation based on trust comparisons and evaluate deriving trust from conflicting trust.(15)	BTL-5	Evaluating	
1	UNIT V - VISUALIZATION AND APPLICATIONS OF	SOCIAL N	NETWORK	
Visualizing online social networks, Visualizing social networks with matrix-based representations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams – Hybrid representations - Applications - Cover networks - Community welfare -Collaboration networks - Co- Citation networks.				
Citatio	n networks.		networks - Co-	
Citatio Q.No	n networks. PART – A Questions	BT	networks - Co-	
Citatio Q.No	n networks.     PART - A       Questions     Define Degree centrality	BT BTL-1	networks - Co- Competence Remembering	
Citatio Q.No 1 2	n networks.     PART - A       Questions     Define Degree centrality       What is Node density?	BT BTL-1 BTL-1	networks - Co-         Competence         Remembering         Remembering	
<b>Q.No</b> 123	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Cor         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1	networks - Co-         Competence         Remembering         Remembering         Remembering         Remembering	
<b>Q.No</b> 1           2           3           4	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Cor         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering	
Q.No           1           2           3           4           5	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Constructions         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering	
<b>Q.No</b> 1           2           3           4           5           6	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Connutry         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.         Howgraphy theory concept is applied in social networks?	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2	Networks - Co-CompetenceRememberingRememberingRememberingRememberingRememberingRememberingUnderstanding	
Q.No           1           2           3           4           5           6           7	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Connutry wehate -Connuty wehate -Connutry wehate -Connutry wehate -C	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2	Networks - Co-CompetenceRememberingRememberingRememberingRememberingRememberingUnderstandingUnderstanding	
<b>Q.No</b> 1           2           3           4           5           6           7           8	anons - Cover networks - Community wehate -Cor         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.         Howgraphy theory concept is applied in social networks?         Differentiate Force-Directed Layout and tree layout.         How the Online Social Networks are visualized?	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-5	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Understanding Understanding Evaluating	
<b>Q.No</b> 1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9	autoris - Cover networks - Community wehate -Corn         n networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.         Howgraphy theory concept is applied in social networks?         Differentiate Force-Directed Layout and tree layout.         How the Online Social Networks are visualized?         Give the Matrix Representations of social networks.	BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-5 BTL-2	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Understanding Evaluating Understanding	
<b>Q.No</b> 1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10	Alternative - Cover networks - Continuitity wenare - Continuities - Continuity - Contity - Continuity - Continuity - Continuity - Co	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-5 BTL-2 BTL-3	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Understanding Evaluating Understanding Applying	
<b>Q.No</b> 1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10         11	autoris - Cover networks - Community wenare -Corn networks.         PART - A         Questions         Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.         Howgraphy theory concept is applied in social networks?         Differentiate Force-Directed Layout and tree layout.         How the Online Social Networks are visualized?         Give the Matrix Representations of social networks.         What is Web Community?         What is Co-Authorship Networks?	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-5 BTL-2 BTL-3 BTL-3	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Understanding Evaluating Understanding Applying Understanding	
<b>Q.No</b> 1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10         11         12	autoris - Cover networks - Continuinty wentare -Cor         n networks. <b>Questions</b> Define Degree centrality         What is Node density?         Identify the three popular individual centrality measures.         Define Clustering coefficient.         Identify the visual representations that are considered appropriate to present network structures.         Howgraphy theory concept is applied in social networks?         Differentiate Force-Directed Layout and tree layout.         How the Online Social Networks are visualized?         Give the Matrix Representations of social networks.         What is Web Community?         What is Co-Authorship Networks?         Show how FOAF (Friend-of-afriend) framework defines the relationship?	BT BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-2 BTL-3 BTL-3	networks - Co- Competence Remembering Remembering Remembering Remembering Understanding Evaluating Understanding Applying Understanding	

14	State the difference Co-Citation Relations and Co- Authorship Networks.	BTL-4	Analyzing
15	Differentiate Interactive filtering and Interactive clustering.	BTL-4	Analyzing
16	Give the advantages matrix representation of social networks.	BTL-2	Understanding
17	Show the design goals node-link diagrams.	BTL-6	Evaluating
18	Discriminate matrix representation of social networks and node-link diagram of social networks.	BTL-5	Creating
19	How the Matrix and Node-Link Diagram are Merged?	BTL-6	Creating
20	Identify the applications of social network analysis?	BTL-3	Applying
21	Define Covert Networks.	BTL-1	Remembering
22	Analyze how social networks are used in Community Welfare?	BTL-4	Analyzing
23	How social networks are used in collaboration Networks?	BTL-6	Evaluating
24	What is Augmenting Matrices?	BTL-3	Applying
	PART-B		
1	Describe the metrics for social network analysis. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
	Briefly explain about Visualization of Social Networks. (13)	BTL-4	Analyzing
2	Describe in detail about visualizing social networks (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
3	Write short notes on Web Communities (6) Email Groups (7)	BTL-2	Understanding
4	Describe in detail about Node-Edge Diagrams (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
5	Illustrate the various types Centrality (13)	BTL-3	Applying
6	Explain how social networks are analyzed using Digital Libraries (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
7	Describe the social networking with web 2.0 services. (13)	BTL-1	Remembering
8	Explain Visualizing Social Networks with Matrix based Representations (13)	BTL-2	Understanding
9	Compare and contrast Matrix and Node-Link Diagram representation.(13)	BTL-4	Analyzing
10	Illustrate the Hybrid Representations of social networks. (13)	BTL-3	Applying
11	Explain the tools for manipulating matrix and node-link representations.(13)	BTL-4	Analyzing
12	Generalize the role Co-Authorship Networks in social network analysis? (13)	BTL-6	Creating
13	Interpret the different types authorship networks. (13)	BTL-3	Applying

14	Explain covert network in detail. (13)	BTL-5	Evaluating		
16	Describe in detail about the Applications of Social Network Analysis (13)	BTL-2	Understanding		
17	Evaluate the Web Applications based on social networks.(13)	BTL-5	Evaluating		
	PART-C				
1	Explain the role of visualization and show the visual representation methods for visualizing social networks.(15)	BTL-5	Creating		
2	Create a plan how to visualize social relationships and community structures using vizster (15)	BTL-6	Creating		
3	Evaluate the analysis of digital libraries in the aspects of authors and writings.(15)	BTL-5	Evaluating		
4	Elaborate how visualizing social relationships among email groups are carried out.(15)	BTL-6	Evaluating		
5	Give any three applications of social network analysis.(15)	BTL-6	Creating		

