

SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution)

SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur – 603 203

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

QUESTION BANK



VIII SEMESTER

1905802- SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

Regulation – 2019

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Unit I - Artificial Neural Network

Review of fundamentals – Biological neuron, artificial neuron, activation function, single layer perceptron – Limitation – Multi layer perceptron – Back Propagation Algorithm (BPA) – Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) – Adaptive Resonance Theory (ART) based network – Radial basis function network – online learning algorithms, BP through time – RTRL algorithms – Reinforcement learning

PART – A

| Q.No | Questions | Course Outcome | BT Level | Competence |
|------|--|----------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | What is soft computing? | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 2 | Compare soft computing vs. hard computing. | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 3 | Classify the various types of soft computing techniques | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 4 | Distinguish between artificial neuron & biological neuron. | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 5 | Sketch the model of artificial neuron. | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 6 | Define an artificial neural network. | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 7 | State the function of synapse. | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 8 | Explain a single layer net and multilayer net? | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 9 | Evaluate the learning rate and its function | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 10 | Justify why Artificial Neural Network is called adaptive system during training. | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 11 | Name some activation functions used in ANN? | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 12 | Write the expression for binary and bipolar sigmoid activation function. | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 13 | Categorize single layer net and multilayer net. | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 14 | What is the significance of error signal in perceptron network? | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 15 | Draw the architecture of back propagation algorithm. | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 16 | What are the factors affecting back propagation training? | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 17 | Why is the McCulloch Pitts neuron widely used in logic functions? | CO1 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 18 | Explain the factors affecting back propagation training? | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 19 | State the features of Recurrent Neural Network. | CO1 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 20 | List out the types of adaptive resonance theory. | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 21 | State the applications of adaptive resonance theory. | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 22 | Illustrate the activation function used in radial basis function | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |

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|----------|---|-----|-------|------------|
| 23 | Sketch the block diagram of Reinforcement learning | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 24 | What is the difference between back propagation and back propagation through time? | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| PART – B | | | | |
| 1 | (i)What are the applications of soft computing techniques? (5) (ii) Differentiate the features of soft computing and hard computing. (8) | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 2 | Draw and describe the structure of a biological neuron.(13) | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 3 | Draw a simple artificial neuron and discuss the calculation of net input. (13) | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 4 | Using McCulloch-Pitts neuron model, design a neural network for 2-input OR functions. (13) | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 5 | Explain with a neat diagram the neural network architecture of multilayer feed forward network. (13) | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 6 | Write short notes on Adaline and Madaline networks. (13) | CO1 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 7 | Explain the working of back propagation neural network with neat architecture and flowchart. (13) | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 8 | Discuss in detail the various types of activation function used in neural network with aid of graphical as well as mathematical representation and its output. (13) | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 9 | Implement OR function with binary inputs and bipolar targets using perceptron training algorithm using 3 epochs. (13) | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 10 | Sketch the flowchart for back propagation network training and explain. (13) | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 11 | Describe in detail the various steps involved in the Adaptive Resonance Theory 1 training algorithm. (13) | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 12 | (i)List the advantages and disadvantages of ART network. (8) (ii) What are the applications of ART network. (5) | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 13 | Explain the training algorithm of radial basis function network. (13) | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 14 | Enumerate the back propagation through time in detail. (13) | CO1 | BTL 1 | Remember |

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|-----------------|---|-----|-------|------------|
| 15 | Explain with an example the working of Recurrent Neural Network (RNN). (13) | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 16 | Mention the four radial basis function networks. Sketch and explain in detail. (13) | CO1 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 17 | Describe the architecture of radial basis function network. (13) | CO1 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| PART – C | | | | |
| 1 | Can a two input Adaline compute the XOR function? Analyse the XOR function using Madaline? (15) | CO1 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 2 | Find the weights required to perform the following classification using perceptron network. The vectors (1,1,1,1) and (-1,1,-1,-1) are belonging to the class (so that target value 1), vectors (1,1,1,-1) and (1,-1,-1,1) are not belonging to the class (so that target value -1). Assume learning rate a 1 and initial weights as 0. (15) | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 3 | Using back propagation network, find the new weights when the net illustrated in given figure is presented with the input pattern [0, 1] and target output is 1. Use a learning rate $\alpha = 0.25$ and the binary sigmoid activation function. (15) | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
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| 4 | Consider an ART 2 network with two input units. ($n=2$). Show that using $\Theta = 0.7$ will force the input patterns (0.71, 0.69) and (0.69, 0.71) to different clusters. What role does the vigilance parameters play in this case? Assume necessary parameters. (15) | CO1 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 5 | Explain in detail about the RTRL Algorithm. (15) | CO1 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |

Unit II - Neural Networks For Modeling And Control

Modelling of non-linear systems using ANN – Generation of training data – Optimal architecture– Model validation – Control of non-linear systems using ANN – Direct and indirect neuro control schemes – Adaptive neuro controller – Familiarization with neural network toolbox.

PART – A

| Q.No | Questions | Course Outcome | BT Level | Competence |
|------|---|----------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | What is nonlinearity in ANN? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 2 | List out the features of ANN for modelling and control of nonlinear systems. | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 3 | Name some activation functions used in ANN? | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 4 | Justify why Artificial Neural Network is called adaptive system during training. | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 5 | What is parameter Estimation? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 6 | What are the optimization techniques in neural network? | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 7 | What are the properties of adaptive resonance theory? | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 8 | Which causes nonlinearity in NN? | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 9 | What is optimum neural network? | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 10 | List the types of nonlinear function. | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 11 | Which makes a neural network nonlinear? | CO2 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 12 | What are the different types of ANN? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 13 | Draw the basic model of Adaline network and Madaline Network. | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 14 | Evaluate the learning rate and its function | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 15 | For derivative -based learning procedure why a sigmoidal function is used instead of a step function? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 16 | What is neural network toolbox? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 17 | What is the purpose of Hopfield Network? Give an example? | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 18 | Why Hopfield network is called as recurrent neural network? | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 19 | Conclude the limitations of competitive learning? | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 20 | Give the characteristics of counter propagation network | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 21 | Explain stability-plasticity dilemma? | CO2 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 22 | Justify why Artificial Neural Network is called adaptive | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 23 | Explain the factors affecting back propagation training? | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 24 | What are the properties of adaptive resonance theory? | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |

PART – B

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|---|--|-----|-------|---------|
| 1 | Write short notes on Modelling of non-linear systems using ANN. (13) | CO2 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 2 | Explain with a neat diagram the neural network architecture of multilayer feed forward network. (13) | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |

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|-----|--|-----|-------|------------|
| 3 | Describe the nonlinear models of ANN (13) | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 4 | Where does the training information come from in ANN? Explain in detail. (13) | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 5 | What is the need of optimal network? Explain the optimal architecture? (13) | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 6 | How is direct inverse control implemented? Explain in detail. (13) | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 7 | List out the basic neural network controller designs in detail. (13) | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 8 | Describe with a neat diagram the architecture of recurrent network to perform XOR task with two inputs. (13) | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 9 | Draw the architecture of full counter propagation network and represent the active units in the first and second phase of counter propagation training. (13) | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 10 | Develop and describe with a neat diagram the counter propagation network learning algorithm. (13) | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 11 | Explain briefly the full counter propagation with architecture and its functioning. (13) | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 12 | Explain characteristic features, limitations and applications of associative memory. (13) | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 13 | Describe in detail the model validation in ANN. (13) | CO2 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 14 | Give Short notes on parameter and structural Learning. (13) | CO2 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 15. | Enumerate in detail the Direct and indirect neuro control schemes. (13) | CO2 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 16. | Explain the features of model validation. (13) | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 17. | Describe with a neat diagram the architecture of recurrent network to perform XOR task with two inputs. (13) | CO2 | BTL 2 | Understand |

PART – C

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|---|---|-----|-------|----------|
| 1 | Explain different types of training algorithms used in ANN with an example. (15) | CO2 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 2 | Describe about the control of nonlinear systems using ANN with a sample case. (15) | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 3 | Detail about the neural network toolbox in MATLAB with an example. (15) | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 4 | Develop and describe with a neat diagram the counter propagation network learning algorithm. (15) | CO2 | BTL 6 | Create |

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| 5. | Describe the models for the identification of nonlinear dynamical systems. (15) | CO2 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
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Unit III - Fuzzy Set Theory

Fuzzy set theory – Fuzzy sets – Operation on fuzzy sets – Scalar cardinality, fuzzy cardinality, union and intersection, complement (Yager and Sugeno), equilibrium points, aggregation, projection, composition, cylindrical extension, fuzzy relation – Fuzzy membership functions.

PART – A

| Q.No | Questions | Course Outcome | BT Level | Competence |
|------|--|----------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | What is meant by fuzzy logic? | CO3 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 2 | List the components of fuzzy logic. | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 3 | How does a fuzzy set differ from crisp set? | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 4 | What is cardinality of a Fuzzy set? Whether a power set can be formed for a fuzzy set? | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 5 | What is an empty Fuzzy set and height of a Fuzzy set? | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 6 | Represent any two fuzzy set operation using Venn diagram. | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 7 | Give Short notes on scalar cardinality | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 8 | How do you determine fuzzy cardinality | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 9 | What is meant by crossover point in a fuzzy set? | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 10 | What is fuzzy inference system? | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 11 | Draw the intersection of two fuzzy sets. | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 12 | Define the union of fuzzy sets. | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 13 | Explain the difference between conventional control and fuzzy control system. | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 14 | Classify the methods of defuzzification? | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 15 | Explain Centre of gravity method of defuzzification. | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 16 | What is approximate reasoning? | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 17 | Write the classifications of Fuzzy Logic control? | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 18 | State Sugeno's complement operation. | CO3 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 19 | Which are called as equilibrium points? | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 20 | Justify the composition of two binary fuzzy relations. | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 21 | State fuzzy cylindrical extension. | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 22 | Why membership function is used? | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 23 | List out the different forms of membership function. | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 24 | Which membership function is appropriate in fuzzy system? | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |

PART – B

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|---|---|-----|-------|----------|
| 1 | State and explain properties of fuzzy sets with example. (13) | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
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|----|---|-----|-------|------------|
| 2 | Calculate (i) Complement (ii) Union (iii) Intersection (iv) Difference (v) De Morgan's Principles for the two given fuzzy sets $A=\{12+0.34+0.56+0.28\}$ $B=\{0.52+0.44+0.16+18\}$ | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 3 | (i) Explain with neat block diagram the various components of a fuzzy logic system. (8) (ii) Describe shortly on Centroid method. (5) | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 4 | (i) Find the power set and cardinality of the given set $X=\{2,4,6\}$. Also find cardinality of power set. (ii) Compare conventional control and fuzzy control system. (13) | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 5 | Enumerate the properties of fuzzy sets. (13) | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 6 | (i) Discuss the methods of aggregation of fuzzy rules. (ii) Write short notes on fuzzy propositions. (13) | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 7 | Consider two fuzzy sets $A=\{0.2/1+0.3/2+0.4/3+0.5/4\}$ $B=\{0.1/1+0.2/2+0.2/3+1/4\}$ Find the algebraic sum, algebraic product, bounded sum and bounded difference of the given fuzzy sets. (13) | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| 8 | Explain in detail about the basic features of the membership functions. (13) | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 9 | Describe the self-organizing Fuzzy Logic Control scheme with a suitable example. Mention its advantages over fuzzy logic controller. (13) | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 10 | Explain the algebraic sum, algebraic product, bounded sum and bounded product operations on Fuzzy Set. (13) | CO3 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 11 | Explain with neat block diagram the various components and operation of a fuzzy logic system. (13) | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 12 | Describe in detail on Fuzzy Composition. (13) | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |
| 13 | Consider the following Two fuzzy sets: $A = \{ 0.3/x_1 + 0.7/x_2 + 1/x_3 \}$ $B = \{ 0.4 / y_1 + 0.9 / y_2 \}$ Perform the Cartesian product over these given fuzzy sets. (13) | CO3 | BTL 2 | Understand |
| 14 | (i) Using own intuition and definition of the universe of discourse, plot fuzzy membership functions for "weight of people". (7) (ii) Using own intuition, plot the fuzzy membership function for the age of people. (6) | CO3 | BTL 3 | Apply |
| 15 | Explain the different types of membership function used in fuzzification process? (13) | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 16 | Justify the Operations on Fuzzy Relations. (13) | CO3 | BTL 1 | Remember |

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|-----------------|--|-----|-------|----------|
| 17 | What is the difference between cylindrical extension and projection? Explain in detail about the cylindrical extension. (13) | CO3 | BTL 4 | Analyze |
| PART – C | | | | |
| 1 | The discretized membership functions for a transistor and a resistor are given below: $\mu_T = \{ 0/0+0.2/1+0.7/2+0.8/3+0.9/4+1/5 \}$ $\mu_R = \{ 0/0+0.1/1+ 0.3/2+ 0.2/3+ 0.4/4+ 0.5/5 \}$ Find the following (i) Algebraic sum (ii) Algebraic product (iii) Bounded sum (iv) Bounded difference . (15) | CO3 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 2 | Explain with neat block diagram the various components and operation of a fuzzy logic system. (15) | CO3 | BTL 6 | Create |
| 3 | Design a computer software to perform image processing to locate objects within a scene. The two fuzzy sets representing a plane and a train image etc., (15) Plane = <u>0.2</u> + <u>0.5</u> + <u>0.3</u> + <u>0.8</u> + <u>0.1</u> Train bike boat plane house Train = <u>1</u> + <u>0.2</u> + <u>0.4</u> + <u>0.5</u> + <u>0.2</u> Train bike boat plane house Find the Following (a) Plane U Train (b) Plane \cap Train (c) ----- (d) ----- (e) Plane \setminus Train (f) ----- Plane Train Plane U Train | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 4 | Using the inference approach, find the membership values for the triangular shapes I, R, E, IR and T for a triangle with angles $45^\circ, 55^\circ$ and 80° . (15) | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |
| 5 | Consider four travel packages offered by Celtic, Club Mahindra, Metro and Himalaya travels. We want to choose one. Their costs are INR 100,000, INR 200,000 , INR 150,000 and INR 175,000. Their travel time in hours are 150, 200, 100 and 125 respectively. They are viewed as interesting with degrees 0.4, 0.3, 0.6 and 0.5. Define your own fuzzy set of acceptable travel times. Then determine the fuzzy sets of interesting travel packages whose cost and travel times are acceptable and use this set to choose one of your packages. (15) | CO3 | BTL 5 | Evaluate |

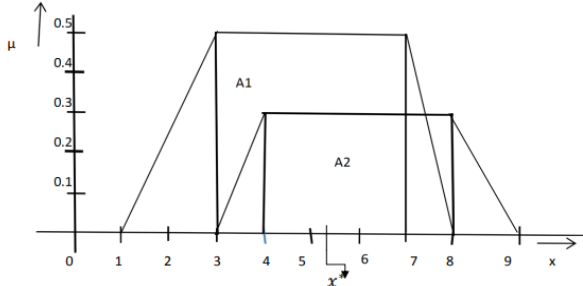
Unit IV - Fuzzy Logic For Modeling And Control

Modelling of non-linear systems using fuzzy models – TSK model – Fuzzy logic controller – Fuzzification – Knowledge base – Decision making logic – Defuzzification – Adaptive fuzzy systems – Familiarization with fuzzy logic toolbox.

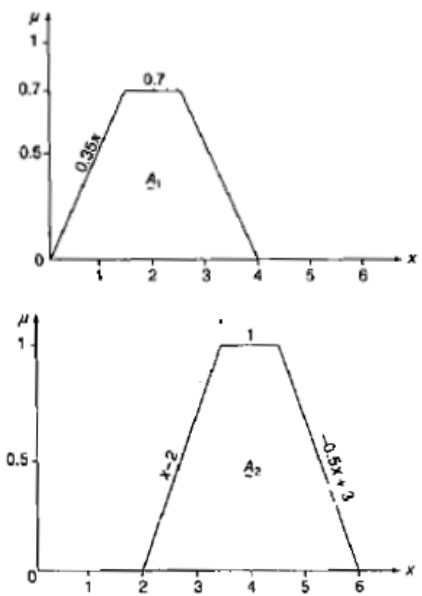
PART – A

| Q.No | Questions | Course Outcome | BT Level | Competence |
|------|---|----------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | Why Modelling of non-linear systems using Fuzzy model is done? | CO4 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 2 | Is Fuzzy logic Nonlinear? | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 3 | What is TSK model? | CO4 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 4 | Mention the advantages of Sugeno Model. | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 5 | Draw the general block diagram of Fuzzy Logic control | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 6 | List the classification of Fuzzy Logic control. | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 7 | State some applications of FLC. | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 8 | Mention the features of FLC. | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 9 | What is called fuzzification? | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 10 | Classify the fuzzification methods. | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 11 | Give short notes on fuzziness in soft computing. | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 12 | Justify the term defuzzification. | CO4 | BTL-1 | Analyze |
| 13 | Why Defuzzification is important? | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 14 | What are the methods of defuzzification process? | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 15 | State the principle of center of gravity method of defuzzification. | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 16 | Mention the three properties for matrix relations that define fuzzy equivalence relation. | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 17 | What is the role of knowledge base in fuzzy logic? | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 18 | List out the advantages of fuzzy logic in Knowledge base systems. | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 19 | Distinguish between conventional control and fuzzy control system. | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 20 | What are adaptive fuzzy systems? | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 21 | When to go for fuzzy logic based modeling scheme? | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 22 | Mention the features of adaptive fuzzy systems. | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |

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|-----------------|---|-----|-------|------------|
| 23 | Outline the applications of adaptive fuzzy systems. | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 24 | What is fuzzy logic tool box? | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| PART – B | | | | |
| 1 | State the importance of modelling of nonlinear systems. (13) | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 2 | State the differences between Mamdani and Sugeno Fuzzy Inference System. (13) | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 3 | Explain Sugeno-Type Fuzzy Inference in detail. (13) | CO4 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 4 | Define defuzzification and explain the different defuzzification methods. (13) | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 5 | Enumerate the difference between Fuzzification and Defuzzification. (13) | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 6 | Explain fuzzy associate memory (FAM) with a suitable example. (13) | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 7 | List out the importance of the neuro fuzzy controller in other fields. (13) | CO4 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 8 | What are the components of fuzzy logic control and explain them in detail with block diagram? (13) | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 9 | What are the steps involved in Fuzzy logic decision making and explain the types of decision? (13) | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 10 | Explain in detail any one application of neuro fuzzy techniques in power systems. (13) | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 11 | List out the various steps involved in the design of Fuzzy Logic Controller. (13) | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 12 | Describe the two different FLC system models. (13) | CO4 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 13 | <p>Explain the Weighted average method and determine the defuzzified value using the same for the following, (13)</p> | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 14 | Explain in detail about the knowledge base for fuzzy logic systems. (13) | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |

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| 15 | Explain min-max method of implication with a suitable example. (13) | CO4 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 16. | Find the defuzzified value of the following using the method of Centre of sums and centre of gravity method (13)  | CO4 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 17. | With a suitable application case study, explain fuzzy logic controller. (13) | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |

PART - C

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|---|---|-----|-------|----------|
| 1 | Explain the various ways by which membership values can be assigned to fuzzy variables.(15) | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 2 | Explain the TSK Model with an Example.(15) | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 3 | For the given membership function <i>as</i> shown below, determine the defuzzified output value by a. Centroid Method b. Weighted Average Method. c. Mean Max Method.  | CO4 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 4 | Describe in detail about the Adaptive Fuzzy Systems.(15) | CO4 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 5 | Briefly explain about the Familiarization with fuzzy logic toolbox.(15) | CO4 | BTL-6 | Create |

Unit V - Hybrid Control Schemes

Genetic Algorithms and Genetic Programming- Fuzzification and rule base using ANN – Neuro fuzzy systems – ANFIS – Fuzzy neuron– GA – Optimization of membership function and rule base using Genetic Algorithm –Case study – Familiarization with ANFIS toolbox.

PART – A

| Q.No | Questions | Course Outcome | BT Level | Competence |
|------|--|----------------|----------|------------|
| 1 | What is called hybrid intelligent control? | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 2 | List few applications of Neuro fuzzy systems. | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 3 | Write the applications of Particle Swarm Optimization | CO5 | BTL-6 | Apply |
| 4 | Define Support Vector Machine. | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 5 | What are the properties of SVM? | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 6 | Mention the advantages and disadvantages of SVM. | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 7 | Write the similarities and dissimilarities of PSO and GA | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 8 | Define fuzzy logic controller. | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 9 | Name any two search techniques used for solving optimizations problem | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 10 | Differentiate between Perceptron and SVM. | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 11 | What is the purpose of toolboxes in MATLAB? | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 12 | List few applications of hybrid fuzzy Genetic algorithm systems. | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 13 | Define fuzzy logic controller. | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 14 | Write a few NN readily available in MATLAB tool box | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 15 | Name the Kernels used in SVM classification process. | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 16 | Mention few evolutionary programming techniques. | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 17 | What are the parameters selected when implementing Fuzzy Logic Control using MATLAB? | CO5 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 18 | What are the transfer functions available in MATLAB neural network toolbox? | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 19 | Give the defuzzification methods available in MATLAB tool box. | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 20 | List few applications of Neuro fuzzy systems. | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 21 | Classify the shapes of the membership function available in fuzzy logic tool box. | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 22 | Compare Fuzzy Processing and Neural Processing | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 23 | Mention the characteristics of neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 24 | Compare Fuzzy Processing and Neural Processing | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |

PART – B

| | | | | |
|----|--|-----|-------|------------|
| 1 | Explain any two hybrid control schemes. (13) | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 2 | With suitable block diagram, explain the principle involved in a liquid level controller using neurofuzzy technique. (13) | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 3 | Explain in detail the concept of fuzzy genetic hybrid systems. (13) | CO5 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 4 | Describe the architecture and algorithm of Support Vector machines. (13) | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 5 | (i) Differentiate between linear SVM and Kernel SVM. (7) (ii) Explain with different kernels used in SVM. (6) | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |
| 6 | (i) Differentiate between linear SVM and Kernel SVM. (7) (ii) Explain with different kernels used in SVM. (6) | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 7 | Explain how fuzzy logic control can be used for process control.(13) | CO5 | BTL-4 | Analyze |
| 8 | What are the classifications of neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems? Explain in detail any one of the neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems.(13) | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 9 | With a neat flowchart, explain the algorithm of particle swarm optimization.(13) | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 10 | (i) Compare and Contrast—Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization. (6) (ii) Compare and contrast – Perceptron and Support Vector Machines. | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 11 | How are genetic algorithm utilized for optimizing the weights in neural network architecture. (13) | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 12 | What is called ANFIS? Draw the architecture of ANFIS network and represent the role of different layers. (13) | CO5 | BTL-1 | Remember |
| 13 | Write short notes on the following: i) Stability analysis of NN interconnected systems (8) ii) Stability analysis | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| 14 | Describe the architecture and algorithm of Support Vector machines. (13) | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 15 | Describe briefly the modelling and implementation of fuzzy logic controller for any one application. (13) | CO5 | BTL-3 | Apply |

| | | | | |
|----------|---|-----|-------|------------|
| 16 | (i) Differentiate between linear SVM and Kernel SVM. (7) (ii) Explain with different kernels used in SVM. (6) | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 17 | Explain in detail the concept of fuzzy genetic hybrid systems. (13) | CO5 | BTL-2 | Understand |
| PART – C | | | | |
| 1 | How to implement particle swarm optimization for traveling salesman problem?(15) | CO5 | BTL-6 | Create |
| 2 | Show how fuzzy logic control and genetic algorithm based structural optimization can be used for plant control applications?(15) | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 3 | Explain the case study of the application of neural network for stability analysis of interconnected systems.(15) | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 4 | For choice of your application, design and train the SVM network with different kernels and classify them.(15) | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |
| 5 | (i) Compare and Contrast—Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization. (6) (ii) Compare and contrast – Perceptron and Support Vector Machines | CO5 | BTL-5 | Evaluate |