# SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

An Autonomous Institution SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur – 603 203

# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING

# **QUESTION BANK**



#### **VI SEMESTER**

## **1907605 – ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION SYSTEMS**

## **Regulation – 2019**

Academic Year 2024 – 25 (EVEN)

Prepared by

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**Department of Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering** 

SUBJECT: 1907605 – ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION SYSTEMS

#### SEM / YEAR: VI / III

# UNIT I - MEASUREMENT OF PROCESS PARAMETERS

#### SYLLABUS

Review the various Measurement techniques of temperature, pressure, flow and level – application - selection of sensors– calibration methods.

PART –A					
Q.No	Questions	BT	Competenc	COs	
1	List the sources of error in filled in system thermometer		e Domombor	CO1	
1. 2	What are the primary standards for temperature measuring	BILI	Remember	COI	
2.	calibration?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
3.	Define boiling point, freezing point and triple point. Explain Peltier effect.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
4.	Point out the operation of optical pyrometer. RM	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
5.	List the transducer used for measuring low pressure.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
6.	Tabulate the difference between absolute pressure and gauge pressure	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
7.	What is a dead weight tester?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
8.	Express the different units of pressure.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
9.	Mention any three elastic type pressure gauges.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
10.	Explain turbulent flow.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
11.	What is laminar flow?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
12.	List the different units of flow.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
13.	What is Coriolis effect?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
14.	What are the applications of rotameter?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
15.	Explain Doppler Effect.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
16.	Compare between float and displacer.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
17.	Compare between float and displacer.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
18.	Define purge level system.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
19.	Discuss about the any one type of capacitor probe.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
20.	Draw the tilt switch arrangement for measurement of level for liquid and solid	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
21.	What is a float switch?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
22.	What is the type calibration?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
23.	List the points to be considered while selection of sensors.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
24.	Define direct calibration.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
PART	$\mathbf{T} - \mathbf{B}$				

1.	(i)	Demonstrate the different types of thermocouple with	BTL 4	Analyse	CO1
		necessary specification.			
	(ii)	Explain in detail about the cold junction compensation used	DIL		
		in thermocouple.			
2.	Expl	ain the construction and working principle of Total radiation	BTL 4	Analyse	CO1
	pyro	meter.			001
3.	(i)	Elaborate how the fiber optic temperature measurement is			
		advantageous than other methods?	BTI 4	Analyse	CO1
	(ii)	Explain in detail about the RTD 4 wire system.	DILT	7 mary se	
4.	(i)	Demonstrate about the Junction Semiconductor Sensors.			CO1
	(ii)	Demonstrate about the Digital Thermometers.	BIL 3	Apply	
5.	Desc	ribe the pressure measurement process using the following.			
	(	i) Bourdon tubes		A	CO1
	(	ii) Bellows	BIL 3	Арріу	
	(	iii) Diaphragm			
6.	(i)	With neat sketch describe the method of measurement			
		differential pressure using Capacitive differential pressure			CO1
		sensor. Mention its advantages and disadvantages.	BTL 3	Apply	COI
	(ii)	Describe the methods of pressure measurement using pirani			
		gauge.			
7.	Desc	ribe the methods of measurement of pressure using thermal	BTL 3	A	CO1
	cond	uctivity gauges and ionization gauge. SRM		Apply	
8.	Dem	onstrate how a Dead weight tester is used to calibrate Pressure		A	CO1
	meas	suring device and mention the factors affecting the accuracy of	BTL 3	Арріу	001
0	Dead	i weight Tester.			
9.	Dist	nguish variable head and variable area flow meters. Explain the			CO1
	work	sketch	BIL 4	Analyse	
10	Dear	skeicii.	DTI 2	A	CO1
10.	Dest	The with heat sketch any two closed channel flow meter.	DILS	Арріу	COI
11.	Expl	ain the principle operation of Thermal mass flow meter with	BTL 4	Analyse	CO1
	neat	sketch.			COI
12.	Com	pose the method of variable area measurement using necessary			<b>GO1</b>
	e	juations and diagrams for measuring liquid flow rate.	BTL3	Apply	COI
		1			
13.	(i)	Explain the working of ultrasonic flow meter.			CO1
	(••)		BTL 4	Analyse	001
14	(11)	Explain about the Electromagnetic flow meters.			
14.	(1)	Explain three element boiler drum level control.			CO1
	(11)	Explain need for ultrasonic method of level measurements	BTL 4	Analyse	
15	D	with diagram and its applications.			
15.	Desc	tribe the principle of capacitance level measurement and discuss	BTL 3	Apply	CO1
17		t any one type of capacitance probe.			
16.	Expl	ain the selection of sensors in process industry.	BTL 4	Analyse	CO1
17.	Desc	ribe the various types of calibration methods.	BTL 3	Apply	CO1

	PART – C				
1.	Describe any one methods for measurement of high temperature.			CO1	
1.	measurement.	BTL5	Evaluate	COI	
2.	Explain how McLeod gauge used for low pressure measurement.	BTL5	Evaluate	CO1	
	Justify this with your answer .	2120			
3.	Investigate about the high flow rate measurement device and explain its working in detail	BTL6	Create	CO1	
1	Nuclear level instruments provide point and continuous level				
4.	measurement. Support the statement using necessary sketches.	BTL6	Create	CO1	
5.	How to select the sensor for the specific application industry.	BTL6	Create	CO1	
		DILO	Create	001	
UNIT II - INSTRUMENTS FOR ANALYSIS					
Ion se	SYLLABUS Nective electrodes, Gas & Liquid Chromatography - Oxygen analyze	ers for ga	s and liquid _		
CO.C	O2. NO and SO Analyzers- Hydrocarbon and HS Analyzers – I	Dust Ana	lvzers. smoke		
Analy	zers, Toxic gas Analyzers and radiation monitoring.		<b>j</b> ,		
	PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BT	Competenc	COs	
•		Level	e		
	Norma the different types of a strodes	DTI 1	Damamhan	-CO2	
1.	Name the different types of electrodes.	BTL1	Remember	CO2	
1. 2.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.	BTL1 BTL2	Remember Understand	CO2 CO2	
1.       2.       3.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.         List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.       2.       3.       4.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.         List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.         Write the Nernst equation.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.       2.       3.       4.       5.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.         List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.         Write the Nernst equation.         Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.         List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.         Write the Nernst equation.         Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes         List the classification of four major groups ISEs.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.	Name the different types of electrodes.         Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.         List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.         Write the Nernst equation.         Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes         List the classification of four major groups ISEs.         Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Remember Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Remember Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?Define thermal conductivity analyzer.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?Define thermal conductivity analyzer.List a few types of Gas analyzers.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Remember Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?Define thermal conductivity analyzer.List a few types of Gas analyzers.Write about the principle of Smoke meter.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Remember Remember Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?Define thermal conductivity analyzer.List a few types of Gas analyzers.Write about the principle of Smoke meter.List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Remember Understand Remember	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.	Name the different types of electrodes.Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes.List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes.Write the Nernst equation.Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective ElectrodesList the classification of four major groups ISEs.Write the Problems with ISE Measurements.Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air.What is the principle of H2S analyzer?Define thermal conductivity analyzer.List a few types of Gas analyzers.Write about the principle of Smoke meter.List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity.What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Remember Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
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1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas?	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.         16.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas? Write the applications of conductivity analyzer.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.         16.         17.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas? Write the applications of conductivity analyzer.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.         16.         17.         18.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas? Write the applications of conductivity analyzer. What is the principle behind IR analyzer? Write the need for sulphur dioxide estimation.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.         16.         17.         18.         19.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas? Write the applications of conductivity analyzer. What is the principle behind IR analyzer? Write the need for sulphur dioxide estimation. Demonstrate the principle Smoke density measurement in	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Understand Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	
1.         2.         3.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         10.         11.         12.         13.         14.         15.         16.         17.         18.         19.	Name the different types of electrodes. Show the advantages of Ion selective electrodes. List out the advantages of Hydrogen electrodes. Write the Nernst equation. Difference Between pH and Other Ion-Selective Electrodes List the classification of four major groups ISEs. Write the Problems with ISE Measurements. Identify the methods to estimate Nitrogen-oxides present in air. What is the principle of H2S analyzer? Define thermal conductivity analyzer. List a few types of Gas analyzers. Write about the principle of Smoke meter. List the properties of Gas used for the measurement of quantity. What is the principle of Dust measurement in Thermal power plant? What is the need of measuring carbon monoxide in flue gas? Write the applications of conductivity analyzer. What is the principle behind IR analyzer? Write the need for sulphur dioxide estimation. Demonstrate the principle Smoke density measurement in Exhaust.	BTL1 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Remember Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Remember Understand Understand Understand Understand Understand Understand	CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2 CO2	

21.	Where are the electrochemical sensors used?		BTL2	Understand	CO2
22.	Ho	w is nitrogen-di-oxide prepared by chemiluminescence?	BTL2	Understand	CO2
23.	Wh	at the use of gold films in Hydrogen Sulfide analyser?	BTL2	Understand	CO2
24.	Dra	w a typical diagram to measure dust particles.	BTL1	Remember	CO2
		PART – B			
1.	(i)	Estimate CO level in air and how it can be analysed using			
		NDIR analyzer with relevant diagrams.	BTL3	Apply	CO2
	(ii)	Compose the consequences of air pollution.			
2.	Exp	ain the principle of measurement of specific ions using ion-	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
2	selec	ctive electrodes			
5.	Exp	an concept of using electrode for hydrophobic gas-permeable	BTI /	Analyse	$CO^{2}$
	inter	nal solution.	DIL4	Anaryse	02
4.	Expl	ain the Basic Parts of a Gas Chromatograph.	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
5.	Wit	h near sketches, working of Gas Chromatography–Infrared			
	Spe	ctroscopy.	BIL3	Apply	CO2
6.	Exp	ain any one Types of Liquid Chromatography.	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
7.	Esti	nate CO level in air and how it can be analysed using NDIR	DTI 2	Apply	coa
	anal	yzer with relevant diagrams.	DILS	Арріу	02
8.	Desc	ribe the arrangement of magnets in paramagnetic oxygen			
	anal	yser.	BTL3	Apply	CO2
0	Flab	orate the working principle and operation of magnetic wind			
9.	instr	uments	BTL3	Apply	CO2
10.	Disc	uss about the infrared gas analysers	BTI 4	Analyse	$CO^2$
11.	Dray	y the schematic diagram Non-dispersive Infrared Analyser and	DILT	T that y se	002
	expl	ain its operation.	BTL3	Apply	CO2
12.	Expl	ain any technique for measurement of sulphur oxides in	BTI 4	Analyse	CO2
12	indu	stry pollutants.		1 11101 9 50	001
13.	Drav bydr	v and explain the Schematic diagram of a measuring system for ocarbons based on flame ionisation detection principle	BTL3	Apply	CO2
14.	Expl	ain the conductometric method used dfor trace gas analysis.	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
15.	Expl	ain the operation of laser diffraction particle sizing	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
16.	(i)	How do we define particle size?			
	(ii)	Which particle properties are important to measure?	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
17.	(i)	Explain working and principle operation of any one type			
		smoke meters.	BTL4	Analyse	CO2
	(ii)	Explain working and principle operation of toxi gas analyzer.			
		PART – C	•		
1.	Desc	ribe the principle operation of High Pressure Liquid	DTI 5	Evolueto	СО
	Chro	omatograph.	DILJ	Evaluate	2
2.	With	neat sketches explain the principle of infrared gas analyser.	BTL6	Create	CO 2
3.	With	a block diagram, propose the method of measuring carbon	BTI 6	Create	CO
	mon	oxide using Non-Dispersive Infrared Analyzer			2
4.	Desc	ribe the working of an analyzer that can be used to estimate			CO
	the c	ontent of $NO_2$ and $SO_2$ in a gas, also assess the working of	BTL5	Evaluate	2
	Dust	monitor.			

5.	With a schematic diagram, explain the method of analyzing various			CO
	flue gas content in smoke using Hot wire thermal conductivity	BTL6	Create	
	analyzer.			2

UNIT III - SAFETY INSTRUMENTATION						
SYLLABUS Introduction to Safety Instrumented Systems – Hazards and Risk – Process Hazards Analysis (PHA)– Safety Life Cycle – Control and Safety Systems - Safety Instrumented Function - Safety Integrity Level (SIL) – Selection, Verification and Validation.						
PART – A						
Q.No.	Q.No. Questions BT Level Competence					
1.	Why do need an SIS?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
2.	What is an SIS?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
3.	Why develop SIS standards?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
4.	What does the standard require?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
5.	List the Common Sources of Hazards.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
6.	List the Information Related to Hazard Identification.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
7.	Define hazard.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
8.	Define hazard as per CCPS.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
9.	List the major points to be covered in hazard identifications.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
10.	Define risk.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
11.	What are the points are considered in PHA.	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
12.	Expand ALARP.	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
13.	Define BPCS	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
14.	Write the examples of PHA	BTL2	Remember	CO3		
15.	Define SIF	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
16.	Summarize the Various plant hazard analysis (PHA) techniques.	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
17.	What is meant by Functional Safety?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
18.	What is meant by PHA.	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
19.	Define SIS	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
20.	What are the Influencing PHA Method Selections.	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
21.	What is HAZOP?	BTL2	Understand	CO3		
22.	Define Preliminary Hazard List.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
23.	What is HAZID?	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
24.	Define SIL.	BTL1	Remember	CO3		
1.	Demonstrates how Safety Instrumented Systems are different		Apply	$CO^{2}$		
	from Basic Process Control Systems, or the BPCS.(13)	DILS	Арріу	COS		
2.	Discuss about the risk ranking method. (13)	BTL4	Analyse	CO3		
3.	<ul> <li>(i) Write the major Issues and Coverage of Hazard Identification.(8)</li> <li>(ii) Write the based Tool is the index of the formula of the</li></ul>	BTL4	Analyse	CO3		
4	(II)   write the nazard Types and in detail. (5)	BTI 1	BTI /	Analysa		
<del>4</del> . 5.	Describe the Risk Discussions and its components (13)	BTL1	BTL4 BTL3	Analyse		
6	Describe the Process Hazards Analysis with neat sketches (13)	BTL4	Apply	СОЗ		
<b>V</b> •		DILS	лрргу	005		

7.	Desc	ribe about the ALARP in detail	BTL3	Apply	CO3
8.	Desc sketc	ribe the Safety Integrity Level Selection with neat thes. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
9.	(i)	Describe about the software related SIS Issues. (6)	DTI 2	Apply	CO3
	(ii)	Describe about the hardware related SIS Issues.(7)	DILS	Арріу	05
10.	With and r	neat diagram, discuss thehazard identification (hazid) risk estimate. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
11.	Desc sketc	ribe the Safety Integrity Level verification with neat thes. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
12.	(i)	Discuss about the functional safety. (5)		Analyse	CO3
	(ii)	Write the basics scope of PHA. (8)	DIL4	Anaryse	
13.	Disc	uss the FMEA in detail.(13)	BTL2	BTL4	Analyse
14.	Expl funct SRS	ain about the objective of the SRS is to define both tional and performance related requirements for the ((13))	BTL4	Analyse	CO3
15.	(i)	Elaborate the role of pre-startup acceptance testing in SIL.(7)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
	( <b>ii</b> )	Elaborate the role of operations and maintenance in SIL.(6)		, pp. j	005
16.	Desc	ribe about the any one Guided word hazard techniques.13)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
17.	(i)	BTL3			
	(ii)	Elaborate the role of Construction, Installation, and Commissioning in SIL. (8)	BTL3	Apply	CO3
		PART-C			
1.	In pr cont	rocess industries with respect to scenarios where SIS failure ributed, what are several common themes developed? (15)	BTL6	Create	CO3
2.	Elabo maint safety the pe	brate the specific steps from design through operation, tenance, testing, and even decommissioning, to address throughout the lifetime of a Safety Instrumented System in tetroleum or chemical process.(15)	BTL6	Create	CO3
3.	Desci	ribe the basic term in Plant hazard analysis and SIS.(15)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO3
4.	(i)	Explain about th Major Issues and Coverage of Hazard Identification. (8)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO3
5	(ii)	Describe the conceptual process design. (8)			
5.	Discu	Use the two isolout the plant nazard assessment stages.		E1 (	000
	(1)	write the typical output expected of PHA. (5)	BIL5	Evaluate	CO3
	(11)	Explain the various plant nazard analysis methods. (10)			

UNIT IV - INSTRUMENTATION STANDARDS				
SYLLABUS				
Instrumentation Standards - significance of codes and standards - overview of various types -				
Introduction of various Instrumentation standards – review, interpretation and significance of				
specific standards - examples of usage of standards on specific applications.				
PART-A				
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence	COs

1.	Define instrument standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
2.	Summarize the significance of codes.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
3.	List the significance of standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
4.	Write the different type of standards.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
5.	Expand ANSI.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
6.	Write about the ISA-5.1.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
7.	Expand ISA.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
8.	Write about the ISA-101.01	BTL2	Understand	CO4
9.	Write several codes and standards published by the NFPA.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
10.	Write several codes and standards published by the NEC.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
11.	List some NFPA standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
12.	What does "Zone 2" mean?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
13.	Write the history and scope of ATEX?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
14.	Define "Equipment Category"?	BTL1	Remember	CO4
15.	List some API standards	BTL1	Remember	CO4
16.	What does "Non-Sparking" mean?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
17.	What is the minimum IP (Ingress Protection) requirement to comply with ATEX?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
18.	Write the size specifications for NEMA enclosures?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
19.	Are NEMA enclosures rated for arc flash?	BTL2	Understand	CO4
20.	List some API standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
21.	What about temperature codes?.		Understand	CO4
22.	List some NEC standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
23.	Expand ASME.	BTL2	Understand	CO4
24.	List some IEEE standards.	BTL1	Remember	CO4
	PART – B			
1.	Discuss about the Instrumentation standards and code.(13)	BTL4	Analyze	CO4
2.	(i) Write the Benefits of standard.(7)	DTI 1	Damarahan	CO4
	(ii) Why Technical Standards are Important? (6)	DILI	Remember	04
3.	Describe the different types of Standards for Instrumentation and Controls Engineers (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO4
4	Discuss about the API recommended practice 554 for			
	functional process instrumentation control and information	RTI A	Analyse	CO4
	Network architecture. (13)	DILT	7 mary se	004
5.	(i) Who are the Code and Standard Organizations? (7)			
	(ii) List some API standards.(6)	BTL3	Analyse	CO4
6.	Elaborate the recommended practice for installation of the			
	flow instruments. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO4
7.	Elaborate the recommended practice for installation of the	BTL3	Apply	CO4
8	Elaborate the recommended practice for installation of the			
0.	temperature instruments.(13)	BTL3	Apply	CO4
9.	Elaborate the recommended practice for installation of the Pressure instruments (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO4
	1 1055010 111511011101115. ( <b>13</b> )			

10.	Dese for t	cribe the performance requirements and considerations he selection, specification, installation and testing of	BTL3	Apply	CO4
	proc	ess instrumentation and control systems. (13)			
11.	Disc	cus about the P&ID instrumentation standards. (13)	BTL4	Analyse	CO4
12.	(i)	List the NEC and IEEE Wiring, standards. (7)			
	(ii)	Summarize the instrumentation specification standards.	BTL4	Analyse	CO4
		(6)		5	
13.	Disc	cuss about the standard for safety instrumentation			
	syste	em. (13)	BTL2	BTL4	Analyse
14.	(i)	Explain IP55, IP66, IP67 standards.(13)			CO4
	( <b>ii</b> )	Explain 3, 3S, 3X, 3R, 4, 4X NEMA standards .(13)	BTL3	Analyse	
15.	Des	cibe about the Standards - ANSI/ISA-75.01.01 -2002			
	(605	34-2-1 Mod)- Flow Equations for Sizing control	BTL3	Apply	CO4
	Valv	ves. (13)	-	IT J	
16.	Exp	lain Zone vs Class / Division. (13)	BTL4	Analyse	CO4
17.	Disc	cuss about the International and National Standards		TT 1 . 1	GO 4
	orga	nization.(13)	BTL2	Understand	CO4
PART	-C				
1.	Des	cribe the ISA codes for process instrumentation.(15)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO4
2.	Exp	lain about the hazardous area zone classification.(15)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO4
		ENCLERIN			
3.	Des	cribe the instrumentation cables testing standards.(15)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO4
4.	Des	cribe about the list of valve standards.(15)	BTL5	Evaluate	CO4
5.	With	n neat sketches, explain some common symbols used in	BTL6	Create	CO4
	11010	i power system.(15)			

	UNIT V - DOCUMENTATION IN PROCESS IND	USTRIES	5	
	SYLLABUS			
Block	Diagram of a Typical Process - Instrumentation Symbo	ls, Abbr	eviations and	
Identif	ication for Instruments: - Mechanical Equipment, Electrical E	Equipmen	t, Instruments	
and A	utomation Systems -Process Flow Diagram (PFD) - Pipin	g and In	strumentation	
Diagra	m (P&ID) -Instrument Lists and Specification – Logic Diagram	ams – Ins	trument Loop	
Diagra	ms - Instrument Hookup Diagrams –Location Plans for Instru	iments - (	Cable Routing	
Diagra	ms – Typical Control / Rack Rooms Layout –Vendors Docun	nents and	Drawings	
PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BT	Competence	COs
		Level	o ompromor	
1.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol.	Level BTL2	Understand	CO5
1. 2.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol. What is meant by Computing device.	LevelBTL2BTL2	Understand Understand	CO5 CO5
1.       2.       3.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol. What is meant by Computing device. Write some examples for typical tag number.	Level BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Understand Understand Understand	CO5 CO5 CO5
1.           2.           3.           4.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol.What is meant by Computing device.Write some examples for typical tag number.Define functional identification.	LevelBTL2BTL2BTL2BTL1	Understand Understand Understand Remember	CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5
1.           2.           3.           4.           5.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol. What is meant by Computing device. Write some examples for typical tag number. Define functional identification. Write some examples for expanded typical tag number.	LevelBTL2BTL2BTL2BTL1BTL2	Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand	CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5
1.           2.           3.           4.           5.           6.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol.What is meant by Computing device.Write some examples for typical tag number.Define functional identification.Write some examples for expanded typical tag number.What is meant by loop identification?	Level BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2	Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Understand	CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5
1.           2.           3.           4.           5.           6.           7.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol.What is meant by Computing device.Write some examples for typical tag number.Define functional identification.Write some examples for expanded typical tag number.What is meant by loop identification?List some identification letter as first letter.	Level BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1	Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Understand Remember	CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5
1.           2.           3.           4.           5.           6.           7.           8.	Define the term Accessible in instrument symbol.What is meant by Computing device.Write some examples for typical tag number.Define functional identification.Write some examples for expanded typical tag number.What is meant by loop identification?List some identification letter as first letter.List some identification letter as seconf letter.	Level BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL2 BTL2 BTL2 BTL1 BTL1	Understand Understand Understand Remember Understand Understand Remember Remember	CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5 CO5

10.	Draw few instrument or function symbols.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
11.	Draw few Control valve body symbols.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
12.	Define P&ID.	BTL1	Remember	CO5
13.	What is meant by process flow diagram.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
14.	Write the necessity logical diagram.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
15.	What are the major role of Instrument Hookup Diagrams.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
16.	Write basic parts of instrument loop diagram.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
17.	List some instrument and specification.	BTL1	Remember	CO5
18.	Draw any two actuator symbols.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
19.	What is meant primary element symbols?	BTL2	Understand	CO5
20.	Define cable routing.	BTL1	Remember	CO5
21.	Write about the typical control / rack rooms layout.	BTL2	Understand	CO5
22.	Define instrument location layout.	BTL1	Remember	CO5
23.	What are the details in the instrument location layout?	BTL2	Understand	CO5
24.	What are the reference documents for instrument layout preparation?	BTL2	Understand	CO5
PAR'	ГВ			
1.	Write the Key elements of effective process documentation.(13)	BTL4	Analyse	CO5
2.	Describe the identification system guidelines. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
3.	Formulate the table for Identification Letters ISA S5.1First Letters.(13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
4.	Draw and explain the P&ID loop schematic.(13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
5.	Draw and explain the Functional instrument diagram.(13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
6.	Elaborate the overview of Control and Instrumentation Documentation .( <b>13</b> )	BTL3	Apply	CO5
7.	With neat sketches and explain the Process flow diagram. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
8.	Explain about the instrument hook up diagram.(13)	BTL4	Analyse	CO5
9.	With neat sketches and explain the loop diagram. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
10.	<ul> <li>(i) List some Measurement and Control Devices and/or Function Symbols. (7)</li> <li>(ii) List some Discrete Devices and/or Function Symbols. (6)</li> </ul>	BTL4	Analyse	CO5
11.	<ul> <li>(i) List Some examples of instrument tag letters .(7)</li> <li>(ii) Draw the example diagram for P&amp;ID. (6)</li> </ul>	BTL4	Analyse	CO5
12.	<ul><li>(i) Explain about the logic diagram.(7)</li><li>(ii) Discuss about the Location Plans for Instruments (6)</li></ul>	BTL4	Analyse	CO5
13.	With neat sketches and explain the functional diagram.(13)	BTL2	Understand	CO5
14.	Describe the Functional Diagrams for the Flow of Information within a Control System. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
15.	Draw some of the many instrument symbols found in different types of technical diagrams used to document instrument systems. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
16.	Describe about the Instrument Identification Tags. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5
17.	Draw the block diagram for typical process and explain. (13)	BTL3	Apply	CO5

PART-C				
1.	Create instrument location layout with basic requirement with neat sketches.	BTL6	Create	CO5
2.	Describe the necessity of cable routing diagrams with suitable example.	BTL5	Evaluate	CO5
3.	Demonstrate with necessary inputs required for preparing the rack room layout diagram and it necessity.	BTL6	Create	CO5
4.	Draw the schematic diagram for any vendors documents.	BTL6	Create	CO5
5.	Describe about the Identification for Instruments: - Mechanical Equipment, Electrical Equipment, Instruments and Automation Systems.	BTL5	Evaluate	CO5

