SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur - 603 203



II SEMESTER

PH3221-PHYSICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERING

Academic Year 2024 – 2025

Prepared by

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DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS



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SUBJECT : PH3221-PHYSICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERING

SEM / YEAR: II SEM/AY-2024 - 2025

UNIT I - THERMAL PERFORMANCE OF BUILDINGS

Principles of heat transfer - fenestrations - thermal conductivity - conduction through compound media: series and parallel - spherical, cylindrical shell method - conductivity of rubber tube - thermal insulation and its benefits - heat gain and heat loss estimation - factors affecting the thermal performance of buildings - thermal comfort-indices of thermal comfort-shading devices.

PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BTL	Competence	
1.	What is the basic principle of heat transfer?	BTL 1	Remembering	
2.	Classify the types of heat transfer.	BTL 1	Remembering	
3.	What is conduction?	BTL 1	Remembering	
4.	What is convection?	BTL 1	Remembering	
5.	What is radiation?	BTL 1	Remembering	
6.	Define thermal conductuivity.	BTL 2	Understanding	
7.	Write the principle of spherical shell method.	BTL 1	Remembering	
8.	Give the principle of cylindrical shell method.	BTL 2	Understanding	
9.	What is the principle of conductivity of rubber tube?	BTL 1	Remembering	
10.	Define fenestration.	BTL 1	Remembering	
11.	What are the three main components of fenestration?	BTL 1	Remembering	
12.	What is glazing?	BTL 1	Remembering	
13.	What is thermal insulation?	BTL 1	Remembering	
14.	What are thermal insulating properties?	BTL 2	Understanding	
15.	List any two properties of thermal insulating materials.	BTL 1	Remembering	
16.	Define heat gain and heat loss.	BTL 1	Remembering	
17.	What is meant by thermal performance of building?	BTL 1	Remembering	
18.	Mention two factors which affect the thermal performance of buildings.	BTL 2	Understanding	
19.	Write the significance of thermal comfort.	BTL 2	Understanding	
20.	Define thermal indices.	BTL 1	Remembering	
21.	What is R-value?	BTL 2	Understanding	
22.	Define solar radiation.	BTL 1	Remembering	
23.	How are shading devices classified?	BTL 2	Understanding	
24.	Mention the uses of shading devices.	BTL 2	Understanding	
PART – B				
1.	Derive the expressions of heat conduction through series and parallel materials. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	
2.	Derive the derivation of series and parallel materials in conduction of heat. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	
3.	Describe the conduction of heat through the material which are connected in series. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	

4.	Explain the spherical shell method with neat diagram. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
5.	Describe the spherical shell method. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
6.	Describe the cylindrical shell method of determining the thermal conductivity. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
7.	Explain the cylindrical shell method and find its thermal conductivity.	BTL 3	Applying
8.	Explain how thermal conductivity can be measured using rubber tube method. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
9.	Explain the thermal insulation of the buildings. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
10.	 (i) Give importance of thermal insulation? Name any two thermal insulating materials. (i) Discuss the factors that affect the thermal performance of buildings with example. (13) 	BTL 3	Applying
11.	Discuss the factors which affect the thermal performance of buildings. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
12.	Explain how heat gain and heat loss estimations are carried out for a building. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
13.	Discuss heat gain and heat loss estimation in the components of buildings. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
14.	Explain the function, importance and types of shading devices. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
15.	Describe the different types of shading devices. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
16.	Explain the types of shading devices. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
17.	Describe the various methods of thermal insulation which are used to keep our homes cool inside when there is warm temperature outside and vice versa. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing

UNIT II - VENTILATION AND ARCHITECTURAL ACOUSTICS

Principles of natural ventilation - ventilation measurements - Window type air conditioner -Protection against fire to be caused by A.C. systems - classification of sound - decibel -Weber-Fechner law - Sabine's formula (reverberation time) - derivation using growth and decay method - absorption coefficient and its determination factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies - methods of sound absorptions - absorbing materials noise and its measurements - impact of noise in multi-storey buildings.

PART – A			
Q. No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1.	What is ventilation?	BTL 1	Remembering
2.	Classify natural ventilation.	BTL 1	Remembering
3.	What are the factors affecting ventilation?	BTL 1	Remembering
4.	What is air filtration?	BTL 1	Remembering
5.	What is meant by air-conditioning?	BTL 2	Understanding
6.	What is window air- conditioner?	BTL 1	Remembering
7.	Write any two precautions to prevent fire caused by AC systems.	BTL 2	Understanding
8.	Classify the sound waves based on frequency.	BTL 1	Remembering
9.	What is loudness?	BTL 2	Understanding
10.	Differentiate loudness and intensity.	BTL 2	Understanding
11.	State Weber-Fechner law.	BTL 2	Understanding
12.	Define sound intensity level.	BTL 2	Understanding
13.	What is decibel?	BTL 1	Remembering
14.	The intensity of sound by roaring of a lion at a distance of 5 m is 0.01 Wm ⁻² . Calculate intensity level in decibel.	BTL 3	Applying
15.	When the sound intensity is tripled, calculate the increase in the acoustic intensity level.	BTL 3	Applying
16.	What is reverberation?	BTL 1	Remembering
17.	Define reverberation time.	BTL 2	Understanding
18.	Mention any two factors which affect the acoustics of a building.	BTL 1	Remembering
19.	What is meant by focusing?	BTL 2	Understanding
20.	What is echelon effect?	BTL 2	Understanding
21.	What is a floating floor?	BTL2	Understanding
22.	What is structure borne noise?	BTL 1	Remembering
23.	What are the main causes of noise in multi-storeyed building?	BTL2	Understanding
24.	Mention the requirements for good acoustics of building.	BTL 1	Remembering
PART -B			
1.	(i) What is natural ventilation?(3)(ii) Explain the principle behind wind driven and stack ventilation mechanisms.(13)	BTL 4	Analysing

2.	Explain the method of ventilation measurements in a building? (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
3.	How to design natural ventilation which is mainly used to control indoor air		, ,
	quality and also explain the ventilation measurements. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
4.	Explain the window type air conditioner system. (16)		
		BTL 4	Analysing
5.	Discuss the air conditioning systems for different types of buildings and explain how fire caused by AC system can be protected. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
6.	Describe the construction and working of window type air conditioner. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
7.	Derive Sabine's formula for reverberation time using growth and decay method. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
8.	 (i) Derive expression for energy density inside a hall. (ii) Deduce Sabine's formula for the reverberation time of the hall. (8) 	BTL 3	Applying
9.	Derive Sabine's mathematical relation for reverberation time. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
10.	Explain the various factors which affect the architectural acoustics of a building and write their remedies. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
	Discuss the terms, reverberation, loudness, resonance, echelon effect,	BTL 3	Applying
11.	focusing that affect the acoustics in hall. (16)		
10	Explain the various factors that affect acoustics of buildings. What are	BTL 3	Applying
12.	their remedies? (16)		
13.	 (i) Describe the methods of sound absorption. (8) (ii) Derive an expression for measuring the absorption coefficient of a material. (8) 	BTL 3	Applying
14.	Explain the different types of sound absorbing materials used in a building. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
15.	Describe different types of sound absorbers used in designing a building with good acoustical properties. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
16.	Write a note on noise measurements and explain the impact of noise in multi-storeyed buildings. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
17	Explain the different types of noises in buildings. (16)		
17.		BTL 4	Analysing

UNIT III - LIGHTING DESIGNS

Radiation quantities - spectral quantities - relationship between luminescence and radiant quantities - photometry: cosines law, inverse square law. Vision - photobic, mesophic, scotopic visions - Visual field glare - day light calculations - day light design of windows - use of models and artificial skies - principles of artificial lighting - types of light fixtures - supplementary artificial lighting.

PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence	
1.	What is radiometry?	BTL1	Remembering	
2.	Define radiant power.	BTL1	Remembering	
3.	Define radiant intensity.	BTL1	Remembering	
4.	Define irradiance.	BTL1	Remembering	
5.	Define spectral radiant power.	BTL1	Remembering	
6.	What is luminous flux and give its unit?	BTL1	Remembering	
7.	Define luminous intensity.	BTL2	Understanding	
8.	Define candela.	BTL1	Remembering	
9.	Define intensity of illumination.	BTL1	Remembering	
10.	What is photometry?	BTL1	Remembering	
11.	State inverse square law in photometry.	BTL2	Understanding	
12.	Define Lambert's Cosines law.	BTL1	Remembering	
13.	What is meant by photopic vision?	BTL2	Understanding	
14.	What is meant by mesopic vision?	BTL2	Understanding	
15.	What is meant by scotopic vision?	BTL2	Understanding	
16.	What is meant by glare?	BTL1	Remembering	
17.	Mention different types of glare.	BTL2	Understanding	
18.	List any two methods to reduce glare.	BTL2	Understanding	
19.	What is meant by day light factor?	BTL2	Understanding	
20.	Write the use of models in daylight calculation.	BTL2	Understanding	
21.	What are artificial sky models?	BTL1	Remembering	
22.	What are the forms of artificial sky?	BTL1	Remembering	
23.	What is the purpose of supplementary artificial lighting?	BTL1	Remembering	
24.	Mention any two artificial light sources.	BTL2	Understanding	
	PART – B			
1.	Discuss the different radiometric quantities. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	
2.	Discuss the different photometric quantities. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	
3.	Describe the relation between radiant and luminous characteristics of radiation. (16)	BTL 3	Applying	
4.	 (i) State Cosines law and derive an expression for intensity of illumination. (16) (ii) Show that luminance on a surface is inversely proportional to the 	BTL 3	Applying	
	square of the distance. (16)			
5.	(i) Derive Lambert's Cosine law for intensity of illumination. (8)	BTL3	Applying	
	(ii) Derive inverse square law in photometry. (8)	BTL3	Applying	

6.	Explain the following (a) photopic (b) mesopic (c) scotopic visions. (5+5+6)	BTL 4	Analysing
7.	Explain the three ranges of human vision adaptation level. (16)		
		BIL 4	Analysing
8.	Write notes on	BTL 3	Applying
	(i) Visual field glare (8)		
	(ii) Day light calculation & day light factor. (8)		
9.	Write a short note on visual field glare and explain the types of glare and	BTL 3	Applying
	its remedies. (16)		
10.	Discuss daylight calculation and daylight design of windows. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
11.	Explain the day light design and measurements in the buildings (16)		
	Explain the day light design and measurements in the bulletings. (10)	BTL 4	Analysing
12	Explain the use of building models and artificial skies in estimating		
12.	daylight factor and deciding on artificial lighting. (16)		
		DIL 4	Analysing
13.	Discuss the principles and techniques involved in artificial lighting. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
14.	Discuss about ambient, task and accent lighting in buildings. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
15.	Recent years have seen a huge shift away from traditional incandescent	BTL 3	Applying
	filament-type light bulbs to more energy-efficient alternatives. Explain the		
	sources and the types of light source that is produced by electrical		
	means (16)		
16	Describe supplementary artificial lighting (16)	BTL 3	Applying
10.	(10)	D 1 D 5	· · PP·J····5
17.	Explain supplementary artificial lighting. (16)		
		BTL 4	Analysing

UNIT IV - NEW ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Composites: Fibre-reinforced plastics (FRP) and fiber-reinforced metals (FRM) - Metallic glasses - melt spinning method - properties and applications - Shape memory alloys - characteristics and applications - Ceramics - manufacturing methods - Slip casting - Isostatic pressing - properties and applications - Nanomaterials - Top-down and bottom-up approaches - structural applications.

PART – A				
Q.No	Questions	BTL Level	Competence	
1.	What are composite materials?	BTL2	Understanding	
2.	List the types of composites based on matrix materials.	BTL1	Remembering	
3.	Name the types of fibre reinforced plastics.	BTL2	Understanding	
4.	What are the types of composites based on the matrix materials?	BTL2	Understanding	
5.	Mention the role of matrix in composites.	BTL2	Understanding	
6.	What is the role of reinforcement in composites?	BTL2	Understanding	
7.	What are the limitations of composites?	BTL2	Understanding	

8.	Write any two applications of composites.	BTL1	Remembering
9.	What are metallic glasses?	BTL1	Remembering
10.	What is glass transition temperature in metallic glasses?	BTL2	Understanding
11.	Why metallic glasses are used as transformer core materials?	BTL1	Remembering
12.	What are shape memory alloys?	BTL2	Understanding
13.	Define pseudo elasticity in SMA.	BTL2	Understanding
14.	What are ceramic materials?	BTL1	Remembering
15.	Distinguish crystalline and non-crystalline ceramics.	BTL2	Understanding
16.	Write any two mechanical properties of ceramics.	BTL1	Remembering
17.	Define slip casting.	BTL2	Understanding
18.	What are bonded ceramics?	BTL2	Understanding
19.	What is meant by hot isostatic pressing?	BTL1	Remembering
20.	Write any two applications of ceramics.	BTL2	Understanding
21.	What are ferromagnetic ceramics?	BTL2	Understanding
22.	What is meant by high alumina ceramics?	BTL2	Understanding
23.	What is nanomaterials?	BTL2	Understanding
24.	List any two structural applications.	BTL2	Understanding
1.	PART – B Classify the materials based on reinforcement techniques and also explain the types based on the matrix materials. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
2.	Explain (i) Fibre Reinforced Plastics(FRP) (8)	DTI 4	
3	(ii) Fibre Reinforced Metals (FRM) (8) Explain the properties and applications of fiber reinforced plastics	DIL 4	Analysing
5.	(16)	BTL 4	Analysing
4.	Explain the preparation and properties of metallic glasses. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
5.	What are the types of metallic glasses and explain how it is prepared by meltspinning technique. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
6.	 (i) What are the types of shape memory alloys? Explain with neat diagram their characteristics. (10) (ii) List out the applications of shape memory alloys. (6) 	BTL 3	Applying
7.	Explain the characteristics and applications of shape memory alloys. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
8.	Describe the types, properties and applications of shape memory alloys.	BTL 3	Applying
9.	(16) Discuss the various properties and applications of ceramics in the construction engineering. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
10			

11.	Explain different ceramic forming processes. (16)		
		BTL 4	Analysing
12.	With neat diagrams, explain	BTL 3	Applying
	(i) Slip casting		
	(ii) Isostatic pressing		
	(iii)Gas pressure bonding. (5+5+6)		
13.	Explain thermal, mechanical, electrical and chemical properties of		
	ceramic materials. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
14.	Write note on	BTL 3	Applying
	(i) Ferroelectric ceramics		
	(ii) Ferro magnetic ceramics		
	(iii)High alumina ceramics. (6+5+5)		
15.	Explain the properties and applications of high alumina ceramics.		
	(16)	RTI 1	A no lucino
10		DIL 4	Analysing
16.	Explain how the ceramic materials are classified and describe its		
	manufacturing methods? (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
17	(i) Explain the propagation of pape materials (10)	PTI 2	Applying
1/.	(i) Explain the preparation of halo materials (10)	DILS	Apprying
	(11) Give the structural application of nano materials (6)		

UNIT V - NATURAL DISASTERS

Seismology and Seismic waves - Earthquake ground motion - Basic concepts and estimation techniques - site effects - Probabilistic and deterministic Seismic hazard analysis - Cyclone and flood hazards - Fire hazards and fire protection, fire-proofing of materials, fire safety regulations and firefighting equipment - Prevention and safety measures.

	PARI – A		
).No	Questions	BTL	Competence
1.	What is meant by seismic waves?	BTL2	Understanding
2.	What are P - waves and S-waves?	BTL1	Remembering
3.	What is earthquake?	BTL1	Remembering
4.	List the types of earthquake based on depth of focus.	BTL2	Understanding
5.	Define epicentre of an earthquake.	BTL1	Remembering
6.	Define intensity of an earthquake.	BTL1	Remembering
7.	What are the causes of earthquake?	BTL2	Understanding
8.	Mention few units for the measurement of earthquakes.	BTL2	Understanding
9.	What is Seismic Hazard Analysis?	BTL1	Remembering
10.	What are primary waves?	BTL1	Remembering
11.	What are secondary waves?	BTL1	Remembering
12.	Mention the most important factors affecting seismic hazard at a location.	BTL2	Understanding
13.	What are the types of surface waves?	BTL1	Remembering
14.	What is Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis?	BTL2	Understanding
15.	Write the four steps in Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis.	BTL2	Understanding
16.	What are the steps in DSHA?	BTL1	Remembering
17.	What are cyclones?	BTL1	Remembering
18.	What are the categories of cyclone based on wind speeds and their capacity to cause damage?	BTL1	Remembering
19.	What is flood hazard?	BTL1	Remembering
20.	Name the types of floods.	BTL2	Understanding
21.	List the methods of flood prevention.	BTL2	Understanding
22.	What is fire hazards and list the types of fire hazards?	BTL2	Understanding
23.	What are fire extinguishers? Give examples.	BTL2	Understanding
24.	List the fire-proofing materials for buildings.	BTL1	Remembering

1.	With necessary diagrams, explain different types of body waves and surface waves in seismology. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
2.	Explain the occurrence of earthquake ground motion and its estimation technique. (16)	BTL 4	Analysing
3.	Describe earthquake in terms of p-waves, s-waves and explain its various parameters. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
4.	Discuss the various earthquake hazards and explain the disaster mitigation after earthquake. (16)	BTL 3	Applying
5.	Discuss earthquake ground motion with types, intensity and magnitud (16)	e. BTL 3	Applying
6.	Explain deterministic seismic hazard analysis and probabilistic seismic hazard analysis. (16	BTL 4	Analysing
7.	Discuss the Deterministic Seismic Hazard Analysis (DSHA). (16	BTL 3	Applying
8.	What is DSHA? Explain the DSHA. (16	BTL 3	Applying
9.	(i) How cyclone is formed?(8)(ii) Explain the different types of cyclone.(8)	BTL3 BTL3	Applying Applying
10.	Explain cyclone hazard with cause and its effects. (1	6) BTL 4	Analysing
11.	Describe the hazards of cyclone.	BTL 3	Applying
12.	Explain flood hazards. Mention the effects and methods of flood prevention. (16) BTL 4	Analysing
13.	Describe the types, causes and effects of flood hazards. (16) BTL 3	Applying
14.	Discuss about fire hazards and guidance on preventive measure. (16) BTL 3	Applying
15.	Describe about fire proofing materials. (16	BTL 3	Applying
16.	Explain the operation of different types of fire extinguishers equipments.	BTL 4	Analysing
17.	(i) Explain about the firefighting equipments. (10)) BTL4	Analysing
	(ii) Write a note on fire safety regulations. (6)	BTL3	Applying