

SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution)

SRM Nagar, Kattankulathur – 603 203

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(Common to Artificial Intelligence and Data Science)

QUESTION BANK



III SEMESTER

AD3361 – DATA EXPLORATION AND VISUALIZATION

Regulation – 2023

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DEPARTMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

QUESTION BANK

SUBJECT : AD3361 – Data Exploration and Visualization

YEAR/SEM : II Year / III Semester

UNIT I		EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS	
EDA fundamentals – Understanding data science – Significance of EDA – Making sense of data - Comparing EDA with classical and Bayesian analysis – Software tools for EDA – Visual Aids for EDA – Data transformation techniques – merging database, reshaping and pivoting, Transformation techniques – Grouping Datasets – data aggregation – Pivot tables and cross- tabulations.			
PART – A			
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1	Define Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA).	BTL1	Remember
2	List the widely used data collection tools.	BTL1	Remember
3	What are the major stages in the data science life cycle?	BTL1	Remember
4	What is a Likert Scale?	BTL1	Remember
5	Give some examples of data transformation activities	BTL1	Remember
6	List the visual tools used to analyze univariate data.	BTL1	Remember
7	What are the two arguments required when merge () is used?	BTL1	Remember
8	What are the three phases of the pandas groupby() function?	BTL1	Remember
9	List the software tools available for EDA.	BTL1	Remember
10	What is a run sequence plot?	BTL1	Remember
11	List down the popular data analysis approaches.	BTL1	Remember
12	What is cluster map used for?	BTL1	Remember
13	Distinguish between numerical data and categorical data.	BTL2	Understand
14	Why do we need data transformation?	BTL2	Understand
15	Why do we use lag plot?	BTL2	Understand
16	What is the difference between merge (), join (), and concat()?	BTL2	Understand
17	Write a short note on the crosstab function in pandas.	BTL2	Understand
18	What are the reasons for using EDA?	BTL2	Understand
19	Write a short note on the crosstab function in pandas.	BTL2	Understand

20	Write a note on data aggregation using an aggregate function in pandas.	BTL2	Understand
21	Write a note on 'split data into groups'.	BTL2	Understand
22	What is the purpose of reshaping and pivoting in data transformation?	BTL2	Understand
23	What does join () do in pandas?	BTL2	Understand
24	How is Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) different from Classical and Bayesian analysis?	BTL2	Understand

PART-B

1	Discuss the role of data wrangling in data science. Explain various techniques involved in cleaning, transforming, and enriching raw data. (16)	BTL3	Apply
2	Explain the steps involved in exploratory data analysis (EDA) and the significance of EDA. (16)	BTL3	Apply
3	What is cross-tabulation and pivot table? How do you build pivot table and cross tab reports? (16)	BTL3	Apply
4	Explain about merging databases using pandas. (16)	BTL3	Apply
5	(i) Write a detailed note on reshaping and pivoting. (9) (ii) Give an example Python's Pandas library program for creating a pivot table. (7)	BTL3	Apply
6	Explain the various phases of data science. Analyze how each phase contributes to the overall data science process (16)	BTL4	Analyze
7	What is the primary purpose of Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)? Discuss the differences between EDA, classical analysis, and Bayesian analysis in detail. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
8	Explain data transformation and the different types of data transformation techniques. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
9	(i) Explain the common issues in data in detail. (7) (ii) Explain the data transformation technique. (9)	BTL4	Analyze
10	(i) Analyze the benefits of grouping datasets in data analysis. (7) (ii) Give an example program for grouping of data. (9)	BTL4	Analyze
11	Explain the data science life cycle. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
12	Explain various types of Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA). (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
13	Evaluate the impact of different types of data transformation techniques on data quality and analysis outcomes. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
14	Discuss in detail the process of data cleaning, including handling missing data, outlier detection, and treatment. Provide examples to illustrate each step. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
15	What are the tools used for Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)? Provide a detailed case study on applying EDA in a real business scenario. (16)	BTL6	Create

16	What do you mean by making sense of data? Explain the steps to make sense of data. (16)	BTL6	Create
17	Discuss various visual aids for Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA). (16)	BTL6	Create

UNIT II VISUALIZING USING MATPLOTLIB			
Importing Matplotlib – Simple line plots – Simple scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – Histograms – legends – colors – subplots – text and annotations – customization - Three-dimensional plotting – Geographic Data with Base map – Visualization with seaborn.			
PART – A			
Q.No	Questions	BTL Level	Competence
1	What is visualization?	BTL1	Remember
2	What is Matplotlib used for?	BTL1	Remember
3	Why do we import Matplotlib in Python?	BTL1	Remember
4	Write a short note on Pyplot.	BTL1	Remember
5	Give any four objects in Basemap.	BTL1	Remember
6	What is the use of Basemap in Python?	BTL1	Remember
7	What are the plots drawn by Seaborn?	BTL1	Remember
8	List any four types of error bars.	BTL1	Remember
9	What is Matplotlib Basemap?	BTL1	Remember
10	What is Seaborn?	BTL1	Remember
11	What is the use of Python Seaborn library?	BTL1	Remember
12	Write a short note on Matplotlib.	BTL1	Remember
13	Write a note on format strings.	BTL2	Understand
14	What do you understand by annotating text?	BTL2	Understand
15	What are error bars used for?	BTL2	Understand
16	Write a note on three-dimensional plotting.	BTL2	Understand
17	What is the scatter () function in Python?	BTL2	Understand
18	What does plot function do in Matplotlib?	BTL2	Understand
19	What is the difference between Matplotlib and Pyplot?	BTL2	Understand
20	What is matplotlib. pyplot?	BTL2	Understand
21	What are scatter plots?	BTL2	Understand
22	Discuss various visual aids for EDA.	BTL2	Understand
23	What is the use of density plot?	BTL2	Understand
24	What is the significance of density and contour plots in EDA?	BTL2	Understand

PART-B			
1	(i) Explain in detail about importing Matplotlib. (7) (ii) Explain the Pyplot library and plt function. (9)	BTL3	Apply
2	Discuss various simple plots for univariate data analysis. (16)	BTL3	Apply
3	Explain categorical variables and plotting with categorical variables. (16)	BTL3	Apply
4	Discuss how Seaborn helps to visualize the statistical relationships. Illustrate with code and example. (16)	BTL3	Apply
5	How to over plot a line on a scatter plot in Python? Illustrate with code. (16)	BTL3	Apply
6	Describe the various distribution modules of Seaborn for visualization. Consider a sample application to illustrate. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
7	Discuss how Seaborn helps to visualize statistical relationships. Illustrate with code and example. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
8	Discuss various customization options in scatter plots. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
9	Explain why Matplotlib is used for data visualization? Which module of Matplotlib is used for data visualization? (16)	BTL4	Analyze
10	Write a detailed note on visualizing errors (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
11	(i) What are scatter plots? Explain scatter () methods and its syntax. (7) (ii) Explain the steps to plot error bars in Matplotlib and the syntax to plot error bars. (9)	BTL5	Evaluate
12	What is Basemap in Python? How can you visualize geographic data like maps and country borders using Basemap? Give an example. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
13	Evaluate the impact of different types of data transformation techniques on data quality and analysis outcomes. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
14	(i) Compare and contrast Matplotlib and Seaborn for data visualization. (5) (ii) Discuss the visualizing errors in detail. (5) Explain contour plots in detail with example program. (6)	BTL5	Evaluate
15	(i) Write a note on visualization with Seaborn. (7) (ii) Write a short note on (i) Density Plots (ii) Histograms (iii) Subplots. (9)	BTL6	Create
16	Explain three-dimensional plotting with example programs. (16)	BTL6	Create
17	Create a Python program that demonstrates the use of Seaborn for creating a pair plot and explain its significance in data visualization. (16)	BTL6	Create

UNIT III UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS
Introduction to Single variable: Distributions and variables – Numerical Summaries of Level and Spread – Scaling and Standardizing – Inequality – Smoothing Time Series.

PART – A			
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1	What is meant by univariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
2	What is the primary purpose of univariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
3	What is a numerical summary?	BTL1	Remember
4	What is range scaling?	BTL1	Remember
5	What is normalization or min-max scaling?	BTL1	Remember
6	List the steps involved in univariate analysis.	BTL1	Remember
7	What are the three components of an observed time series?	BTL1	Remember
8	What is ADF test?	BTL1	Remember
9	What is ARIMA model?	BTL1	Remember
10	What are smoothing methods?	BTL1	Remember
11	State the two types of time series.	BTL1	Remember
12	What is detrending?	BTL1	Remember
13	Why is scaling necessary for algorithms such as SVM and KNN?	BTL2	Understand
14	Write a short note on standardization or z-score normalization.	BTL2	Understand
15	What is the difference between stock and flow series?	BTL2	Understand
16	Write a short note on trend stationary time series.	BTL2	Understand
17	Write a short note on inferential statistics.	BTL2	Understand
18	Give some hypothesis testing mechanisms.	BTL2	Understand
19	Write a short note on univariate tables.	BTL2	Understand
20	Define inequality in the context of data distribution.	BTL2	Understand
21	What are summary statistics?	BTL2	Understand
22	Write a short note on descriptive statistics.	BTL2	Understand
23	Write a short note on quartiles.	BTL2	Understand
24	Why should time series be stationary?	BTL2	Understand

PART-B			
1	(i) Explain in detail, Scaling and standardization. (9) (ii) Explain feature scaling in detail. (7)	BTL3	Apply
2	Explain numerical summaries level and spread used in univariate. (16)	BTL3	Apply
3	Apply time series analysis technique to demonstrate their usefulness in data analysis. Provide examples from various domains such as finance, weather forecasting, or sales forecasting. (16)	BTL3	Apply
4	What is scaling and standardization? When and why to standardize a variable? Illustrate with a suitable example. (16)	BTL3	Apply
5	Explain the smoothing techniques for time series data with a suitable example. (16)	BTL3	Apply

6	(i) Explain univariate statistics in detail. (7) (ii) Discuss with examples how univariate analysis is helpful. (9)	BTL4	Analyze
7	Analyze the role of variables and distribution in univariate analysis in detail. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
8	Explain how stationarity can be checked in a time series. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
9	Distinguish between Univariate and Multivariate analysis with suitable example. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
10	(i) What are univariate tables? (4) (ii) Explain in detail the steps involved in conducting univariate analysis. (12)	BTL4	Analyze
11	Evaluate the importance of smoothing methods in time series analysis. Discuss different smoothing techniques and their applications with suitable examples. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
12	Discuss the need for and advantages of standardizing variables before applying machine learning algorithms like KNN and SVM. Include examples and Python code to demonstrate the process. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
13	How, when, and why should you normalize/standardize/rescale your data? (16).	BTL5	Evaluate
14	Give a brief note on (i) One-Sample Sign Test (ii) Wilcoxon Signed Rank	BTL5	Evaluate
15	Explain the 10 Essential Numerical Summaries in statistics with example. (16)	BTL6	Create
16	What is a time series? Explain types, properties, and decomposition of time series. (16)	BTL6	Create
17	Write a detailed note on (i) ARIMA models. (9) (ii) Time series data visualization. (7)	BTL6	Create

UNIT IV BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Relationship between Two variables – Percentage Tables – Analyzing Contingency Tables - Handling Several Batches – Scatterplots and Resistant Lines – Transformations.

PART – A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1	What is meant by bivariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
2	List the three common ways to perform bivariate analysis.	BTL1	Remember
3	What are the types of bivariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
4	List the two main types of variables.	BTL1	Remember
5	What are the three possible combinations of variables for bivariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember

6	What are the possible types of correlation between two variables in bivariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
7	What is cross-tabulation?	BTL1	Remember
8	What is elaboration?	BTL1	Remember
9	What is a contingency table?	BTL1	Remember
10	What is a marginal proportion in a contingency table?	BTL1	Remember
11	What is batch processing?	BTL1	Remember
12	Write some key features of joblib.	BTL1	Remember
13	Compare correlation and causality.	BTL2	Understand
14	Write a short note on percentage tables.	BTL2	Understand
15	State the limitations of elaboration.	BTL2	Understand
16	Briefly explain the crosstab function in Python.	BTL2	Understand
17	What is the purpose of a contingency table?	BTL2	Understand
18	What are the benefits of Python batch processing?	BTL2	Understand
19	Write a short note on bivariate analysis using scatter plots.	BTL2	Understand
20	Briefly explain bivariate analysis resistant lines.	BTL2	Understand
21	Briefly explain a bivariate table.	BTL2	Understand
22	Write a short note on simple linear regression.	BTL2	Understand
23	Briefly explain scatter plots.	BTL2	Understand
24	Write a short note on joblib in Python?	BTL2	Understand

PART-B			
1	Discuss the common ways to perform bivariate analysis in detail. (16)	BTL3	Apply
2	Discuss various types of bivariate analysis. (16)	BTL3	Apply
3	Write Python code to find percentage table and contingency table or the above example table and explain it. (16)	BTL3	Apply
4	What are data transformations in bivariate analysis? (16)	BTL3	Apply
5	Discuss the best practices for designing scatter plots. (16)	BTL3	Apply
6	Apply the method of handling several batches of data to analyze relationships between variables in a large dataset. Detail the steps involved and discuss the insights gained from this approach.	BTL3	Apply
7	What is a table of frequency values for a bivariate distribution? Explain what graph is used in the analysis of bivariate data? (16)	BTL4	Analyze
8	Analyze how resistant lines are used in bivariate analysis. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
9	How will you analyze contingency tables? Illustrate with an example. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
10	There are three types of scatter plots or charts: U-shaped, linear and exponential. Which one is the most significant for managing data bias? Discuss. (16)	BTL4	Analyze

11	Analyze the role of resistant lines in scatterplots for understanding the relationship between two numerical variables. Use examples to illustrate how resistant lines can help identify trends and outliers.	BTL4	Analyze
12	Evaluate the effectiveness of using scatter plots for bivariate analysis by discussing its strengths and limitations. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
13	Evaluate the use of percentage tables in bivariate analysis with examples. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
14	Explain in detail about relationship between two variables in the percentage tables. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
15	Explain the use of contingency tables in bivariate analysis with example. (16)	BTL6	Create
16	Design and implement a Python batch processing system for bivariate analysis. Explaining each step and its importance. (16)	BTL2	Create
17	Discuss in detail about scatter plot and resistant lines in bivariate analysis. (16)	BTL6	Create

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE AND TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

Introducing a Third Variable – Casual Explanations – Three-Variable Contingency Tables and Beyond – Longitudinal Data – Fundamentals of TSA – Characteristics of time series data – Data Cleaning – Time-based indexing – Visualizing – Grouping – Resampling.

PART – A

Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence
1	What is meant by multivariate analysis?	BTL1	Remember
2	List some of the criteria for data quality.	BTL1	Remember
3	Write a short note on auto-correlation	BTL1	Remember
4	When is the Durbin-Watson test used?	BTL1	Remember
5	List the five common relationships among three variables in a statistical model.	BTL1	Remember
6	State the four reasons for which multivariate analyses are used.	BTL1	Remember
7	What are the two types of multivariate analysis techniques?	BTL1	Remember
8	List the types of time series analysis.	BTL1	Remember
9	Write a short note on covariate independence of one variable in multivariate analysis.	BTL1	Remember
10	List the goals of multivariate analysis.	BTL1	Remember
11	List the applications of multivariate analysis.	BTL1	Remember
12	What is an ARIMA model?	BTL1	Remember
13	What is factor analysis?	BTL2	Understand

14	What does it mean for a time series to be stationary?	BTL2	Understand
15	What are the methods for estimating ARIMA models?	BTL2	Understand
16	What are dependence techniques?	BTL2	Understand
17	What is canonical correlation analysis?	BTL2	Understand
18	Write a short note on multivariate analysis of variance.	BTL2	Understand
19	What is cluster analysis?	BTL2	Understand
20	When is the Durbin-Watson test used?	BTL2	Understand
21	Write a short note on the cross-correlation function.	BTL2	Understand
22	Brief about multidimensional scaling?	BTL2	Understand
23	Brief about multivariate outliers.	BTL2	Understand
24	How do dependence techniques differ from interdependence techniques?	BTL2	Understand

PART-B			
1	What is meant by time series data? Describe its four components. (16)	BTL3	Apply
2	Discuss the various dependence techniques used in multivariate analysis, explaining each technique briefly. (16)	BTL3	Apply
3	What are the characteristics of multivariate analysis? How do you explain multivariate analysis? (16)	BTL3	Apply
4	How is Time Series Analysis used in weather (climate) forecasting? Illustrate with an example. (16)	BTL3	Apply
5	How do you analyze contingency table? Give examples. (16)	BTL3	Apply
6	Discuss in detail, the interdependence techniques. (16)		
7	Provide a detailed description of causal explanations in statistics, including examples to illustrate the concept. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
8	Describe what three-variable contingency tables are, how they are constructed, and their significance in data analysis.	BTL4	Analyze
9	Discuss common relationships among three variables in a statistical model. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
10	What is TSA analysis? Explain ARIMA, smooth-based, and moving average. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
11	Analyze the characteristics of time series data with suitable example. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
12	Differentiate univariate and multivariate time series analysis in detail with suitable example. (16)	BTL4	Analyze
13	Define longitudinal data and explain its importance in statistical analysis, including examples of its application. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
14	Discuss the patterns that can appear in time series plots, including trends, seasonality, cycles, and irregularities, and analyze their implications for data analysis and forecasting. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
15	Evaluate the effectiveness and applications of contingency tables in data analysis. (16)	BTL5	Evaluate
16	Design a comprehensive study utilizing time series analysis to forecast sales for a retail company. (16)	BTL6	Create
17.	Provide a comprehensive explanation of data cleaning, outlining the steps involved, common techniques used, and the importance of data cleaning in ensuring data quality and reliability. (16)	BTL6	Create